KONA

Installation & Operation Guide

Version 12.2 Published: May 12, 2015





Table of Contents

Notices	4
Trademarks	4
Copyright	4
Contacting Support	4
Chapter 1: Introduction	5
Overview	
KONA Models Covered in this Manual.	
AJA Software & Utilities.	
System Requirements	
Disk Storage Methods	
Capture Formats	
KONA Card Features	
KONA 4/3G Features	
KONA LHe Plus Features	
KONA LHi Features	
Cable Connections	
KONA 4/3G Connectors	
Using Breakout Boxes	13
KONA KL-Box for LHe Plus	13
KONA KLHi-Box	13
K3G-Box for KONA 4 & 3G	14
Detailed Connector Descriptions	14
LHe Plus/LHi Connectors	14
KONA 4/3G to K3G-Box Connectors	15
Chapter 2: Installation	17
Chapter 2: Installation	
Installation Overview	17
Installation Overview	17 17
Installation Overview	17 17 18
Installation Overview	17 17 18 18
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro	17 17 18 18 21
Installation Overview	17 18 18 21 23
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC	17 18 18 21 23
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System	17 18 18 21 23 24
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections	17 18 18 21 23 24 24
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections	17 18 21 23 24 27
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections LHi Cable Connections Installing KONA Software	17 18 18 21 23 24 27 27
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections LHi Cable Connections Installing KONA Software Chapter 3: Operation	17 18 18 21 24 24 27 29 31
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections LHi Cable Connections Installing KONA Software Chapter 3: Operation Using KONA with Professional Video /Audio Software	17 17 18 21 24 24 27 29 31
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections LHi Cable Connections Installing KONA Software Chapter 3: Operation Using KONA with Professional Video /Audio Software AJA Control Panel Overview	17 17 18 21 24 24 27 29 31 32
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections LHi Cable Connections Installing KONA Software Chapter 3: Operation Using KONA with Professional Video /Audio Software AJA Control Panel Overview Single-user & Network Settings	17 17 18 21 24 27 29 31 32 32
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections LHi Cable Connections Installing KONA Software Chapter 3: Operation Using KONA with Professional Video /Audio Software AJA Control Panel Overview Single-user & Network Settings Control Panel Definitions	17 17 18 21 24 27 29 31 32 32 32
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections LHi Cable Connections Installing KONA Software Chapter 3: Operation Using KONA with Professional Video /Audio Software AJA Control Panel Overview Single-user & Network Settings Control Panel Operation in Standard Mode.	17 18 18 21 24 27 29 31 32 32 32 32
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections LHi Cable Connections Installing KONA Software Chapter 3: Operation Using KONA with Professional Video /Audio Software AJA Control Panel Overview Single-user & Network Settings Control Panel Definitions	17 17 18 21 24 24 27 31 32 32 32 32 32
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections LHi Cable Connections Installing KONA Software Chapter 3: Operation Using KONA with Professional Video /Audio Software AJA Control Panel Overview Single-user & Network Settings Control Panel Definitions Control Panel Operation in Standard Mode Control Screen	17 17 18 21 24 24 27 31 32 32 32 32 34 37 37
Installation Overview System Test and Data Rate Unpacking Shipping Box Contents Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC Cabling the System KONA 4/3G Connections LHe Plus Cable Connections LHi Cable Connections Installing KONA Software Chapter 3: Operation Using KONA with Professional Video /Audio Software AJA Control Panel Overview Single-user & Network Settings Control Panel Definitions. Control Panel Operation in Standard Mode Control Screen Format Screen	17 17 18 21 24 24 27 32 32 32 32 32 32 32

Analog Out Screen	46
Video Setup Screen	47
Audio Setup Screen	48
Conversion Screen (Mac OS only)	49
DS Keyer Screen	51
LUT Screen	54
Timecode Screen	55
Presets Screen	57
Firmware Screen	58
Info Screen	59
Using KONA 4 and 3G in 4K Mode	60
Format Screen in 4K Mode	61
4K Capture Mode	63
SDI Output Screen in 4K Mode	
HDMI Screen in 4K Mode	65
Analog Output Screen in 4K Mode	66
Video Setup Screen in 4K Mode	
Downstream Keyer Screen in 4K Mode	67
Firmware Screen for Standard Firmware Update	67
Who is Controlling KONA?	69
Using Multiple AJA Products	70
Notes on using multiple AJA Products:	71
Using 8-bit Versus 10-bit Video	71
Chapter 4: Troubleshooting	72
If You Run Into Problems	
Updating Software	
Support	
Appendix A: Specifications	75
KONA 4 Specifications	75
KONA 3G Specifications	77
LHe Plus Specifications	80
KONA LHi Specifications	82
Warranty and Liability Information	85
Limited Warranty	
Limited Warranty	
Littication of Liability	00
Index	87

Notices

Trademarks

AJA®, Io®, Ki Pro®, KONA®, KUMO®, T-TAP®, Because it matters.® and ROI® are registered trademarks of AJA Video Systems, Inc. in the United States. AJA and Ki Pro are trademarks of AJA Video Systems, Inc. registered in other countries. AJA Control Room™, CION™, Corvid Ultra™, FiDO™, Science of the Beautiful™, TruScale™, TruZoom™, V2Analog™ and V2Digital™ are trademarks of AJA Video Systems, Inc.

AirPort, Apple, Apple logo, AppleShare, AppleTalk, FireWire, iPod, iPod touch, Mac and Macintosh are registered trademarks of Apple Inc. Final Cut Pro, QuickTime and QuickTime logo are trademarks of Apple Inc.

Avid, Avid DNxHD and Media Composer are registered trademarks of Avid Technology, Inc.

HDMI, the HDMI logo and High-Definition Multimedia Interface are trademarks or registered trademarks of HDMI Licensing, LLC.

DVI is a registered trademark of DDWG.

TASCAM is a registered trademark of TEAC Corporation.

Dolby® and the double-D Dolby logo are registered trademarks of Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective holders.

Copyright

Copyright © 2015 AJA Video Systems, Inc. All rights reserved. All information in this manual is subject to change without notice. No part of the document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form, or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying or recording, without the express written permission of AJA Video Systems, Inc.

Contacting Support

When calling for support, have all information at hand prior to calling.

To contact AJA for sales or support, use any of the following methods:

Telephone: +1.530.271.3190

FAX: +1.530.271.3140

Web: http://www.aja.com

Support Email: support@aja.com

Sales Email: sales@aja.com

Chapter 1: Introduction



Overview

The AJA KONA series brings the highest quality 4K/UHD, 2K, HD, and SD video and audio to Mac and Windows computers. This manual discusses the installation of KONA cards and the necessary software drivers and plug-ins for each platform.

KONA Models Covered in this Manual

This manual covers the installation and operation of these models:

- KONA LHe Plus
- KONA LHi
- KONA 3G
- KONA 4

The manual discusses using them with supported applications. Instructions for installing the optional breakout boxes are shipped with the option.

AJA Software & Utilities

AJA's KONA software and hardware were developed for powerful integrated video/audio capture, editing, and production with a variety of 3rd-party software. With a KONA card and qualified computer, you have the ultimate system for standard and high definition production, post-production, broadcast, and streaming work. Additionally, KONA offers support for UHD and 4K formats in KONA 3G (up to 30 fps) and KONA 4(up to 60 fps).

AJA software (available for download at the AJA website) includes:

Drivers: AJA device drivers for tightly integrated hardware/software operation.

AJA Control Panel: The Control Panel provides:

- · Source selection and control of KONA within either Mac or Windows environment
- A block diagram to show visually what is happening inside your KONA card

AJA Control Room: Control Room is a cross-platform software application for ingest, playback and output

with AJA products.

3rd-Party Plugins: AJA-provided plugins for popular 3rd-party Professional Video Applications from Adobe,

Avid, Apple, Telestream, and others.

NOTE: For a complete software compatibility list, see the AJA website link:

http://www.aja.com/en/category/edit/compatibility

System Requirements

AJA Video recommends that your system meet minimum hardware and software requirements to achieve a satisfactory level of performance. System requirements are subject to change as new versions of operating systems,

NOTE:

See Software Vendor system requirements for GPU recommendations and additional hardware requirements and recommendations.

AJA recommends:

- OS 10.8.4 or later
- Windows 7/8 With all updates
- 2.5GHz dual core i5 or better
- 2.0 GHz guad core i7 or better
- 4GB RAM Minimum, 8GB Recommended

Disk Storage Methods

To ensure performance and quality, the disk storage system used with the workstation must be able to meet the demands of storing realtime uncompressed media. At the very minimum, the disk storage system must be able to provide and maintain a consistent transfer rate from the workstation to disk (read/write). There are a variety of system configurations and peripherals that can provide this level of performance.

For more on disk storage performanace see "System Test and Data Rate" on page 17.

Capture Formats

When capturing, you can record data in the following file formats:

- DPX
- TGA
- BMP
- OuickTime

NOTE: Other file types can be captured using third-party capture applications such as Sienna, Softron, Tools on Air, Drastic, or Quadrus.

KONA Card Features

These features are common to all four KONA cards—KONA 4, 3G, LHe Plus, and LHi.

- DVCPRO HD hardware acceleration
- · HDV hardware scaling acceleration
- · Dynamic RT Extreme hardware acceleration

KONA offers DVCPROHD, HDV, and Apple RT Extreme hardware acceleration. This is how KONA accelerates DVCPROHD, HDV, and Apple RT Effects. A precision hardware scalar does what the Apple computer's processor would otherwise have to do—scaling of less than fullraster HD (DVCProHD and HDV) to full-raster size. This speeds up the system while scaling at full 10-bit broadcast quality.

• RS-422 Machine Control via 9-pin

PCI Bus: KONA 4 employs an 8-lane PCI Express Bus interface while the other models use 4-lane PCI-Express Bus.

KONA 4/3G Features

The KONA 4 and 3G cards offer many unique features for optimum quality, ease of use, and support for a wide variety of post production workflows. 3G features include:

- Video I/O: SD-SDI, HD-SDI, Dual Link HD-SDI, HSDL, and 3G HD-SDI inputs
 - HDMI 1.4a output
 - KONA 3G I/O supports SD and HD over HDMI
 - KONA 4 supports UHD and 4K over HDMI

Even though KONA 4 uses the HDMI 1.4 chip, it provides up to 2.0 Level B resolutions. The HDMI on the KONA 4 can also do 4K-to-2K and UHD-to-HD downconversion and UHD Frame Rate removal for viewing high frame rate (hfr) video on non-hfr capable HDMI displays.

- 2K support that includes 2048x1556 and 2048x1080 formats
- · 4K and Ultra HD capture and playout
 - KONA 3G supports framerates up to 30 fps
 - KONA 4 supports framerates up to 60 fps
- 12-bit HD component analog video and SD analog component or composite and s-video output
- 10-bit HD/SD Video+Key Output
- HD/SD Hardware Downstream Keyer

KONA 4/3G supports Dual Link HD-SDI (4:4:4). KONA 4/3G supports the ingest and output of SMPTE-372M compliant 4:4:4 RGB video and high-bandwidth 4:2:2 1080p 50, 1080p 59.94, and 1080p 60 at 10-bit.

- Conversion: Broadcast quality hardware-based 10-bit down-conversion
 - Broadcast quality hardware based 10-bit up-conversion
 - Broadcast quality hardware based 10-bit cross-conversion (1080 to 720 and 720 to
 - Broadcast quality hardware based 10-bit SD aspect ratio conversion (anamorphic to letterbox, etc.)

KONA 4/3G features hardware-based full 10-bit broadcast quality motion adaptive SD to HD up-conversion, HD to SD down-conversion and HD to HD cross-conversion. The quality of the conversion features found in the KONA 4/3G is virtually identical to AJA's award winning stand-alone converter products used throughout the post production market. The KONA 4/3G built-in up-converter uses a a full 10-bit path, fully motion adaptive de-interlacing, and large multi-point digital interpolators. Down-conversion uses large multi-point digital interpolators, anti-alias filtering and interpolation.

Cross-conversion is high-quality hardware-based, providing capability to streamline dailies and offers true broadcast picture quality in realtime. Because these functions are in hardware on the card, they are available full time, all the time—with no CPU load. Such conversions are useful for cost effective monitoring, making standard definition dubs of an HD project, or upconverting from a standard definition project to an HD deliverable.

Audio I/O:

- 8-channel 24-bit, 48kHz digital AES/EBU audio
- 16 channels of SDI embedded digital audio

KONA 4/3G supports 8-channel 24-bit 48kHz AES audio via BNC connections on the supplied breakout cable—or with the optional K3G-Box,16-channels of AES audio.

KONA 4/3G's high-quality input sample-rate conversion on AES inputs eliminates the need for audio source synchronization. Sample rate converters auto-lock to any AES input, 32-96kHz, and then convert it to 24-bit 48kHZ audio, locked to internal KONA 4/3G video. Sample rate conversion is done at very high quality (over 120db THD).

Signal Timing:

- Genlock input with optional looping capability via the K3G- Box (terminated on the supplied breakout cable)
- LTC (longitudinal timecode) input/output

• Standard 2-meter length connection cables including HDMI mini to HDMI output

UHD/4K Mode Capture and Plavout:

In 4K Mode, KONA 4/3G offers 4K capture and playback in both YCbCr and RGB.

When using a capture application that supports 4K geometry, the KONA 4/3G maps connectors SDI1 through SDI 4 as inputs for 4K video.

When 4K playout is selected, the four SDI connectors are remapped as outputs for driving the four quadrants of a 4K display. A large number of 4K formats are supported for this emerging workflow; see the specifications ("KONA 4 Specifications" on page 75) for supported 4K formats.

Internal HD/SD Hardware Downstream Keyer:

KONA 4/3G provides a powerful hardware keyer that can place graphic files with an alpha channel over video in a selectable matte or the contents of the card's framebuffer from a software application (including AJA TV). Key a bug or text over picture and avoid what might normally be a lengthy software render. Also, working with these software applications, you can key video that has an alpha-channel over video input or a matte.

For example, you can load a QuickTime clip that has an alpha-channel (a flying logo generated in the Animation codec) into AJA TV and then place it over live video coming into the card and then passing both on to a VTR for recording or broadcast.

KONA LHe Plus Features

The KONA LHe Plus card offers a large number of unique features for optimum quality, ease of use, and support for a wide variety of workflows and environments. KONA LHe Plus provides flexible standard definition and high definition capture and playback, a hardware down-converter for working in mixed SD/HD environments—and it supports both analog and digital audio/video I/O.

- Video I/O: 10-bit uncompressed SD/HD QuickTime capture card
 - 12-bit HD Analog Component I/O
 - 12-bit SD Analog Component/Composite/S-Video I/O
 - One SDI or HD-SDI Input
 - Two independent SDI/HD-SDI outputs

Conversion: • Broadcast quality hardware-based 10-bit down-conversion

- Audio I/O: 2-channel analog balanced XLR audio I/O
 - 2-channel AES XLR audio I/O
 - 8-channel SDI embedded audio I/O

Signal Timing: • HD/SD genlock on analog video inputs

Cabling:

- Cables standard
- Optional KL-box Breakout Box—provides rack mounting and flexible easy I/O (KL-box cabling is included with the KL-box). When ordering, specify a KL-box for the KONA LHe Plus since it uses a unique cable.

KONA LHe Plus Audio:

KONA LHe Plus supports two-channel 24-bit 48kHz AES audio via XLR connections, and eight-channel embedded 24-bit 48kHz audio over the same single SDI connection as the video. If you are using a digital deck—you'll have the proper connections to the deck.

For analog audio, KONA LHe Plus provides two-channel balanced audio input and output. If you purchase the optional KL-Box breakout box, you also get two-channel unbalanced audio output (RCA jacks).

KONA LHe Plus also features AES input sample rate conversion; this feature eliminates the requirement for audio source synchronization. Sample rate converters auto-lock to any AES input, 32-96KHz, and then convert it to 24 bit 48KHz audio, perfectly locked to internal KONA LHe Plus video. Sample rate conversion is done at very high quality (over 120db THD).

KONA LHi Features

The KONA LHi card offers a large number of unique features for optimum quality, ease of use, and support for a wide variety of workflows and environments. KONA LHi provides flexible standard definition and high definition capture and playback, a hardware-based converter for working in mixed SD/HD environments—and it supports both analog and digital audio/video I/O—including HDMI.

- Video I/O: 10-bit uncompressed QuickTime capture card
 - · 3G/HD/SD SDI I/O
 - HDMI v1.3a w/Deep Color at 30 bits per pixel input/output
 - 12-bit SD and HD Analog Component/Composite/S-Video I/O

- Conversion: Broadcast quality hardware-based 10-bit down-conversion
 - Broadcast quality hardware based 10-bit up-conversion
 - Broadcast quality hardware based 10-bit cross-conversion (1080 to 720 and 720 to 1080)
 - Broadcast quality hardware based 10-bit SD aspect ratio conversion (anamorphic to letterbox, etc.)

- Audio I/O: 2-channel analog balanced XLR audio I/O
 - 2-channel AES XLR audio I/O
 - 8-channel SDI embedded audio I/O

Signal Timing:

- HD/SD genlock on analog video inputs
- LTC Input (on Reference input)

- Cabling: Cables standard
 - Optional KLHi-box Breakout Box—provides rack mounting and flexible easy I/O (KLHi-box cabling is included with the KLHi-box).

KONA LHi Audio:

KONA LHi supports 2-channel 24-bit 48kHz or 96kHz AES audio via XLR connections, and 8 channel embedded 24 bit 48kHz audio over HDMI or the same single SDI connection as the video. If you are using a digital deck—you'll have the proper connections to the deck.

For analog audio, KONA LHi provides two-channel balanced audio input and output. If you purchase the optional KLHi-Box breakout box, you also get two-channel unbalanced audio output (RCA jacks).

KONA LHi also features AES input sample rate conversion; this feature eliminates the requirement for audio source synchronization. Sample rate converters auto-lock to any AES or HDMI input, 32-96KHz, and then convert it to 24 bit 48KHz audio, perfectly locked to internal KONA LHi video. Sample rate conversion is done at very high quality (over 120db THD). (HDMI audio can be 20 to 24 bit and will be saved as 24 bit samples.)

Cable Connections

KONA offers unsurpassed cable connectivity for a video/audio capture card. Connections are made via the breakout cable (included with the card) and connectors mounted on the KONA Card endplate. These connectors, for all three KONA models, are illustrated on the following pages.

KONA LHi and LHe Plus

The Breakout cable used for both KONA LHi and LHe Plus models provides:

- Reference Input (BNC connector)
- Component/Composite/S Video Input (3x BNC)
- Component/Composite/S Video Output (3x BNC)
- · AES In (2x XLR)
- · AES Out (2x XLR)
- Balanced Audio In (2x XLR)
- Balanced Audio Out (2x XLR)
- RS-422 Machine Control (9-pin)

LHi Endplate:

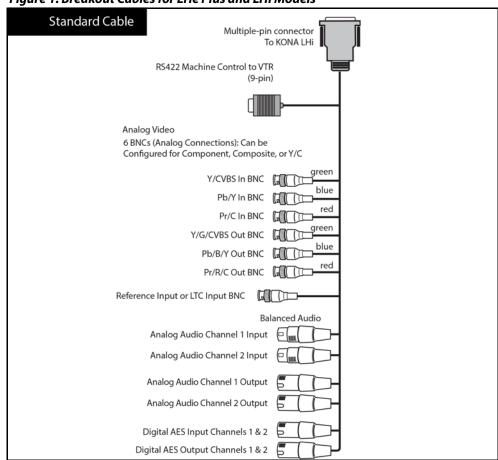
Connectors on the KONA LHi card endplate additionally provide:

- Standard-definition or High-definition SDI input (1 BNC) and output (1 BNC)
- HDMI input and output (2x HDMI mini-connectors)

LHe Plus Endplate:

The KONA LHe Plus endplate provides one BNC for SDI/SDI HD input and two independent SDI/SDI HD output BNC's.

Figure 1. Breakout Cables for LHe Plus and LHi Models



KONA 4/3G Connectors

KONA 4/3G provides complete I/O connectivity choices in two multi-signal breakout cables and one HDMI-to-HDMI mini output cable. One multi-signal cable provides AES/EBU digital BNC connections and analog video monitoring connections. The other has 4 mini-connectors on one end and 4 BNCs on the other providing SDI connections for both Single Link and Dual Link SD/HD SDI connections. Cable connections are marked on both the KONA card endplate and on the cable connectors for easy identification.

Figure 2. KONA 4/3G Breakout Cable KONA 4/3G end-plate 4-mini BNCs to 4 standard **BNCs** SDI Out1/Link A BNC SDI Out2/Link B BNC SDI In1/Link A BNC SDI In2/Link B BNC HDMI Output (1) RS422 Machine Control to VTR (9-pin) 3 BNCs (Analog Connections): Output SD: Component, Composite, or S-Video Output HD: Component or RGB Reference Input BNC LTC Input BNC LTC Output BNC Digital AES Audio Output BNCs Channels 1-8

Digital AES Audio Input BNCs Channels 1-8

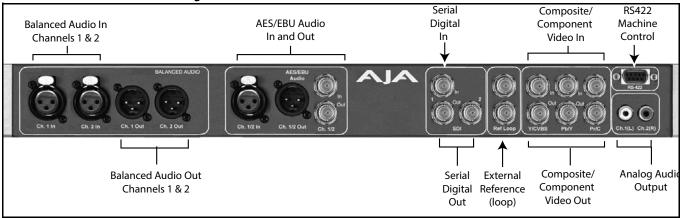
Using Breakout Boxes

The KONA product line offers two optional 19" 1RU rack-mountable breakout boxes that attach to the KONA card via cables that connect to the back of the Box. These cables are supplied with the Box. The breakout boxes offer the same inputs and outputs as the standard breakout cables and more. Breakout boxes can be easily rackmounted or placed on top of a broadcast monitor or editing desk.

KONA KL-Box for LHe Plus

The KONA KL-Box is connected via one 60-pin to 60-pin, and one 3-BNC to 3-BNC cable. When you purchase the KL-Box, you get two-channel unbalanced audio output (2 RCA Jacks) not available with the standard cable. When ordering a KL-Box, specify the KONA card model you'll be using the KL box with to ensure you get the proper cable set.

Figure 3. KL-Box Model Breakout Box



KONA KLHi-Box

The KONA KLHi-Box offers the same connections as the KL-Box except a single connector is provided for the following: SDI input, SDI output, HDMI v1.3a input, and HDMI v1.3a output.

NOTE: The HDMI connectors on the breakout box are full-size, not mini as on the LHi endplate

Composite/ RS422 Balanced Audio In AES/EBU Audio HDMI v1.3a SDI Component Machine Channels 1 & 2 In and Out ln Video In Control **Balanced Audio Out** HDMI v1.3a SDI External Composite/ Analog Channels 1 & 2 Out Ref. or LTC Component Audio (loop) Video Out Output

Figure 4. KLHi-Box Model Breakout Box.

K3G-Box for KONA 4 & 3G

The K3G-Box for KONA 4 and 3G offers convenient connector access and additional functionality including simultaneous BNC AES output, 2-channel RCA analog audio monitoring, and looping BNC connection for Genlock reference and LTC timecode. If you're using a digital Betacam deck, HDCAM, DVCPRO HD, D5, D9 or even an HDCAM SR, you'll have the proper connections.

Longitudinal RS422 AES/EBU Audio In Time Code Machine Channels 1 through 16 (LTC) Control **AES/EBU Audio Out HDMI** SDI Ports 1 through 4 Video Monitor Out External **Analog Audio** Channels 1 through 16 Out Component/ Reference Output Composite (loop) All AES/EBU audio connectors have two channels Video Output per connector KON 43G SDI Ports 1 through 4 **HDMI Output** from KONA 3G Host mini-HDMI connector Connector

Figure 5. K3G-Box Model Breakout Box (front & rear view)

Detailed Connector Descriptions

LHe Plus/LHi Connectors

Connectors on the standard cable set are labelled by their function for easy installation and maintenance. Connectors on the optional KL-Box are similarly labelled.

SDI Input and Outputs:

BNC connectors are provided on the KONA LHe and LHi card endplates for one SD-SDI or HD-SDI input. The LHe Plus has two, and LHi has one SDI output (format independent of the input). The SDI input and outputs support video and embedded 24-bit digital audio. Use SDI wherever possible for the best quality 10-bit uncompressed video input, capture and output. If peripheral equipment has a variety of inputs/outputs, look to see if it has SDI I/O, and use it where possible. Most high-end professional broadcast equipment supports SDI (VTRs, cameras, media storage servers, etc.).

HDMI Input and Output:

Two HDMI mini-connectors on the LHi endplate (full-size HDMI connectors on the KLHi Box) provide for input and output of HDMI compatible video (version 1.1) and multi-channel embedded audio (8 channels). HDCP is not supported on either input or output. The LHi's HDMI output does not have HDCP, and input sources having HDCP are not

supported. The HDMI input is designed to support long cable runs—up to 100 ft. when using 22 or 24AWG HDMI cable, or up to 50 ft. using 28 or 30AWG HDMI cable. The HDMI output supports standard HDMI cables only.

2-Channel Digital AES/EBU Audio Inputs And Outputs:

One female XLR connector is provided for the channel 1 and 2 inputs, while a male XLR connector carries channel 1 and 2 outputs. AES/EBU signals are handled internally as 24-bit digital. The optional KL-Box also provides XLR audio connections on the front panel.

NOTE:

AES XLR connections are digital and cannot be used with analog equipment having XLR connectors.

Analog 2-Channel Balanced

Audio:

Two sets of analog XLR connectors, one for each channel, support balanced audio connections. Male XLRs are provided for outputs and female XLRs are provided for inputs. Balanced audio (differential) connections provide better analog audio quality over longer cable runs. Most professional quality VTRs and audio equipment have XLR style connectors for analog audio. Analog audio signals are converted internally to 24-bit digital.

Unbalanced Audio on KL-Box:

On the KL-Box are two analog output connectors, one for each channel. These connectors are RCA-style phono jacks.

RS-422 Machine Control:

A female DE-9 connector on the LHi/LHe Plus breakout cable provides connection for VTRs, camcorders, disk media servers, and other devices using RS-422 SMPTE (Sony) protocol. This RS-422 connector is also present on the optional KL-Box (connector pinout is Sony 9-pin protocol).

KONA 4/3G to K3G-Box Connectors

Connectors on the standard cable set are labelled for their function for easy installation and maintenance. Connectors on the optional K3G-Box (breakout box) are similarly labelled.

8-Channel Digital AES/EBU Audio I/O: When using the standard cables, BNC connections are provided for AES/EBU audio input/output. Four BNC connectors are provided for audio input and four for audio output. Each BNC carries two channels. The connectors are labeled for input/output and channels.

The optional K3G-Box provides BNC audio connections on the front panel for 16-channels of audio input and output.

Unbalanced Audio on K3G-

Box:

On the K3G breakout box are two analog output connectors, one for each channel. These connectors are RCA-style phono jacks.

RS-422 Machine Control:

A female DE-9 connector provides connection for VTRs, camcorders, disk media servers, and other devices using RS-422 SMPTE (Sony) protocol. This connector is present on both the general I/O cables and the optional K3G-Box (connector pinout is Sony 9-pin protocol.)

SDI Inputs & Outputs:

On the KONA 4/3G card, mini-connectors are provided for bi-directional SDI inputs and outputs for Single Link, Dual Link or 4K/UHD I/O. A cable with four Mini-connectors on one end and four BNCs on the other end is provided for connecting equipment to the SDI inputs and outputs.

In Standard mode, KONA 4/3G offers four video outputs altogether:

- two SDI outputs that are used for both High- and Standard-definition (SD/HD-SDI)
- two monitor outputs (discussed later), one component analog and one HDMI 1.4a.

Each of the four outputs is independently switchable between HD and SD. For example, if you are working in HD, you can have simultaneous HD-SDI, SD-SDI, and HD-component analog output.

SDI inputs and outputs support video and 8-channel embedded 24-bit digital audio. Use SDI wherever possible for the best quality 10-bit uncompressed video input, capture, and output. If peripheral equipment has a variety of inputs/outputs, look to see if it has SDI I/ O, and use it wherever possible. Most high-end professional broadcast equipment supports SDI (VTRs, cameras, media storage servers, etc.).

HDMI Output:

An HDMI mini-connector on the KONA4/3G endplate (full-size HDMI connectors on the K3G-Box) provides HDMI 1.4 capability, supporting 4K up to 24fps and UHD at 25/30 fps.

NOTE: KONA 3G supports SD and HD over HDMI. KONA 4 supports UHD and 4K over HDMI.

HDMI also supports multi-channel embedded audio (8 channels). HDCP is not supported on the output.

Analog Monitor Out puts:

Both the standard I/O cable and the optional K3G-Box feature two groups of three BNC connectors each, for input and output of component, composite and Y/C functions. The signals are labelled on both the cable and K3G-Box connectors.

The analog component output can be switched between SD and HD. KONA 4/3G features 12-bit component video output for both HD and SD. SD can be switched to composite and Y/C. (The same three BNC connectors share component and Y/C functions.) This allows use of an inexpensive analog monitor for both HD and SD work. You can even use a composite video monitor. For Dual Link HD-SDI output, HD or SD can be monitored through the component output. Dual Link HD can be output as 4:4:4 RGB.

Component video signals are generally higher quality than composite, but not as highquality as serial digital (SDI).

Note: About RGB: Although RGB is used less in today's video systems, KONA 4/3G supports it for A/V Monitor output. However, because the KONA 4/3G (and SMPTE SDI's) native format is YPbPr, AJA recommends using YPbPr when the monitor supports it. The YPbPr format provides "headroom" for "superwhite" and superblack"—and these video levels will be clipped when transcoding to RGB. Also, the RGB/YPbPr transcoding involves a level translation that results in mathematical round-off error. RGB can be configured in the Playout setup panel of the specific application you are using with KONA 4/3G.

Note: About YPbPr: KONA 4/3G supports three different types of YPbPr:

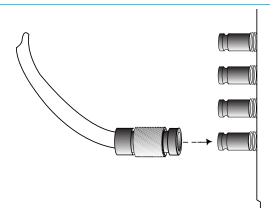
- SMPTE/EBU N10
- Betacam (NTSC)
- Betacam (NTSC-J [Japan]).

These three formats differ in level only and can be configured in the Playout setup panel of the specific application you are using with KONA 4/3G.

Reference Video:

A single BNC on the standard KONA cable—or two BNC connectors on the K3G-Box (looping)—allow you to synchronize KONA outputs to your house analog reference video signal (or black burst). If you have a sync generator or central piece of video equipment to use for synchronizing other video equipment in your studio, connect its analog composite output here. When KONA outputs video, it locks to this reference signal. When connecting a reference video source, the locking signal should be the same format as the Primary format selected in KONA software. It is possible in some circumstances to use an alternate format video signal if the basic frame rate is compatible.

Chapter 2: Installation



Installation Overview

The installation and set up of a KONA card is very simple. All of the steps of installation and configuration are documented in this chapter, summarized as follows:

- 1. Unpack and examine the contents of the shipping box
- 2. If your computer has previously had another video capture or multimedia card installed, ensure you remove the card and uninstall any related software before installing the KONA card. This will prevent any hardware or software conflicts.

Card Placement:

3. For the KONA Mac installation, AJA recommends that the card be placed in Slot 3 and the Apple Expansion Slot Utility be configured so that the slot is running at x4 lane speed or higher. (The choice of x4, x4, x1 and x16 is ideal.) Refer to the AJA website at:

http://www.aja.com/en/support/kona-system-configuration/

For the most up-to-date Windows system requirements for KONA, consult the AJA website:

http://www.aja.com/en/support/kona-pc-system-configuration/

- 4. Cable the system audio and video sources, VTR, audio monitor, and video monitor. If you purchased the optional Breakout Box, then install it into an equipment rack or place it on a desk and connect its cables to the KONA card. If you're instead using the standard cable set, then use those to connect directly to your equipment.
- 5. Install KONA drivers and plugins.

Each of these steps is discussed in greater detail in the pages of this chapter.

System Test and Data Rate

To guarantee maximum system performance, use KONA System Test and the AJA DataRate Calculator to evaluate your workstation capabilities. They are available on the AJA website at the following support page:

http://www.aja.com/en/products/software/

KONA System Test KONA System Test is a utility for measuring system performance with AJA KONA Video Capture cards. The application includes disk drive speed tests and video data copy (DMA) speeds. The disk speed tests differ from standard disk I/O performance applications in that they specifically test the system under conditions typically encountered with video capture, playback, and editing.

NOTE:

Most of the disk performance tests are generic and don't require an AJA KONA Video Capture card. The DMA performance tests do require a KONA card and AJA KONA Driver software to operate.

We suggest the best test is to fill your storage disk to 80% and then test capture at the highest data rate you will use.

DataRate Calculator

This software application calculates data rates and storage requirements for a given video size, format, and frame rate. It's great for both KONA and lo users as a resource for configuring systems and determining storage requirements.

Unpacking

Shipping Box Contents

Your KONA shipment includes:

- KONA 4/8-lane PCI-Express card
- KONA I/O cables.

KONA 4/3G Cables

If you purchased the KONA 4 or 3G, you will receive this complement of cables:

- Cable, HDMI mini-to-HDMI output
- Cable, KONA 4/3G SDI In/Out—mini-connectors on the card (technically called "1.0/2.3 connectors") connect to full-size BNCs for ease of use and compatibility with professional equipment.
- Cable, AES BNC digital audio connectors, RS422, and Reference Input.

If you purchased the optional K3G-Box breakout box, it ships with a multi-pin to multipin cable for connecting from the KONA 4 or 3G card to the breakout box. The x4 BNC cable to 1.0/2.3 connectors cable that shipped with the card is also needed interconnect the SDI connectors out of the card to the breakout box. Also, the HDMI cable connects between the KONA 4/3G card and the box rear panel.

AJA KONA **PCI-Express** Card Read Me First Notice and Registration Sheet Standard Cable Set RS422 Machine Control (9-pin) HDMI to HDMI mini cable 2 meters 3 BNCs (Analog Out Connections): In SD Can be Configured for Component, Composite, or S-Video In HD Can Only Be Component Reference Input BNC LTC Output BNC LTC Input BNC SDI cable Audio Input BNCs SDI Out1/Link A BNC Channels 1-8 (2 channels/connector) SDI Out2/Link B BNC SDI In 1/Link A BNC SDI In2/Link B BNC **Audio Output BNCs** Channels 1-8 (2 channels/connector)

Figure 6. Shipping Box Contents, (KONA 3G contents shown)

The KONA LHi and LHe Plus cards use the breakout cable shown below providing XLR balanced audio connectors, an RS-422 9-pin connector, and BNCs for video I/O and reference connection.

Standard Cable Multiple-pin connector To KONA LHi RS422 Machine Control to VTR (9-pin) Analog Video 6 BNCs (Analog Connections): Can be Configured for Component, Composite, or Y/C Y/CVBS In BNC Pb/Y In BNC Pr/C In BNC Y/G/CVBS Out BNC Pb/B/Y Out BNC Pr/R/C Out BNC Reference Input or LTC Input BNC **Balanced Audio** Analog Audio Channel 1 Input Analog Audio Channel 2 Input Analog Audio Channel 1 Output Analog Audio Channel 2 Output Digital AES Input Channels 1 & 2 Digital AES Output Channels 1 & 2

Figure 7. KONA LHe Plus/LHi Breakout Cable

As you unpack your shipment, carefully examine the contents. Ensure you received everything and that nothing was damaged during shipping. If you find any damage, immediately notify the shipping service and supply them with a complete description of the damage. AJA will repair or replace damaged items. If you find shipping damage, contact your AJA dealer or distributor for details on how to have your KONA card repaired or replaced.

NOTE: Save packing materials and the shipping box. If you ever require service or move your system—use the packaging materials and box for safe shipment.

Installing the KONA Card in a MacPro

- 1. Place the computer in a well-lit area, where you will have easy access when opening the MacPro chassis.
- 2. Using your hand, touch the outside of the Mac to discharge any static electricity you have. Remove the power cable from the back of the chassis.
- 3. Remove the side access door and described in your Apple User Manual. Lay the machine on its side, motherboard facing up.
- 4. Remove the KONA card from its protective anti-static bag; place the card on top of the bag.
- 5. Visually locate the PCI-Express slots inside the Mac chassis (Mac Pro photo shown on the following page). The KONA card only requires a x4 lane PCI-Express slot, so any of the available slots will work correctly—(slot 3 is the preferred slot on the MacPro). You should configure the slots with the Apple Expansion Slot Utility application for the MacPro so that the KONA is at x4 or better speed.
- 6. Remove the card-edge access cover from the desired slot where you will be inserting the KONA card. The card edge cover is secured by a tie-down bar with two secured screws on MacPro computers; remove and set them aside for securing the KONA card after installation.
- 7. Holding the KONA card by the end plate and an outside edge, carefully insert the card by rocking it slowly into the slot. Ensure the card edge aligns properly with the computer's slot opening (where the card edge cover was just removed) and that it is fully seated in the slot.
- 8. Secure the card in the slot using the screw removed earlier or with the tie-down bar found on MacPro machines.
- 9. Replace the outer access door on the MacPro.



Figure 9. Mac Pro Cardcage Access

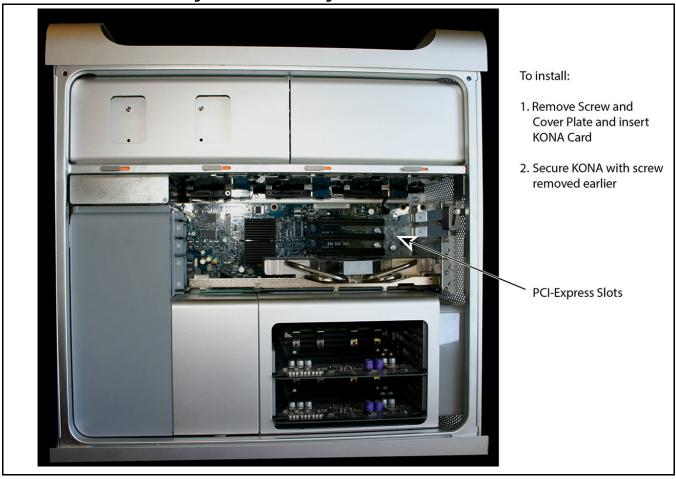
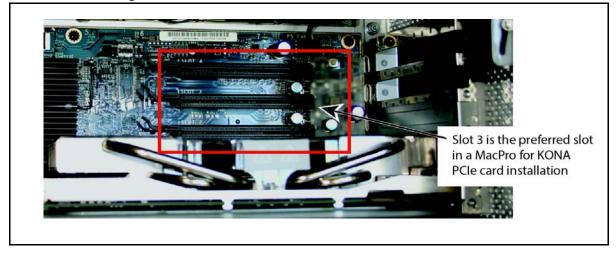


Figure 10. Card Slots, PCle Mac Pro shown here



Installing the KONA Card in a Windows PC

- 1. Place the PC in a well-lit convenient area, where you will have easy access to the chassis access door.
- 2. Touch the outside of the PC to discharge any static electricity in your body. Remove the power cable from the back of the PC.
- 3. Open the PC to gain access to the card slots as described in your Workstation User Manual.
- 4. Remove the KONA card from its protective anti-static bag; place the card on top of the bag.
- 5. To install the KONA card and RAID controller card (SCSI or Fibre Channel), refer to the AJA website for the latest installation updates.
 - Because of hardware and software changes, AJA engineers are constantly testing and grading workstation performance. The AJA website is your best source of up-to-date approved workstation configurations (see "Installation Overview" on page 17 for links).

NOTE: Always put the RAID controller and KONA on separate PCI busses. This improves performance by reducing bus contention.

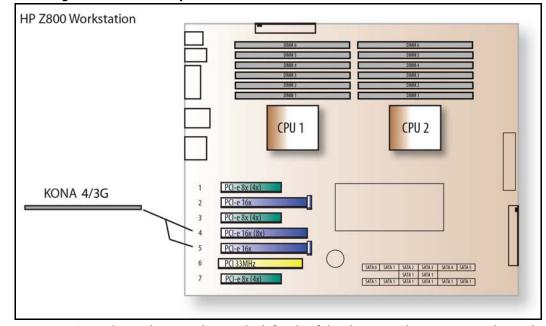


Figure 11. KONA Card placement in an HP Z800 Motherboard

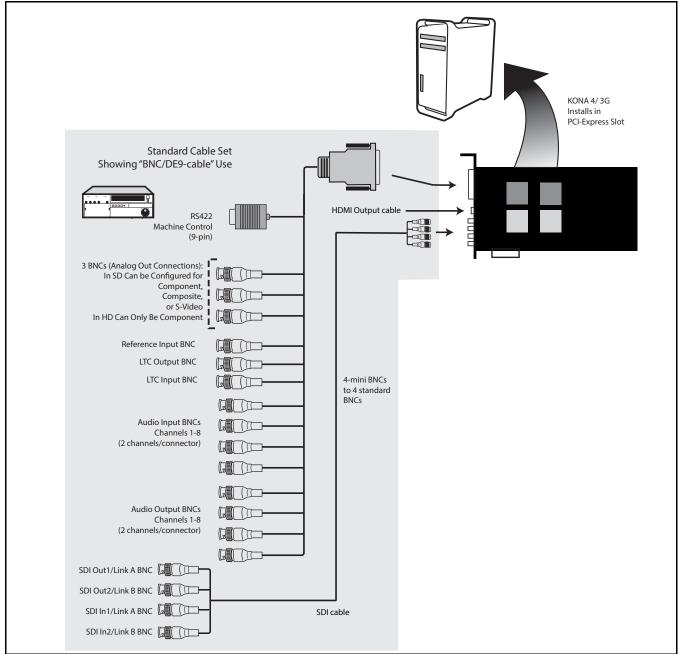
- 6. Open the card retainer bar on the left side of the chassis cardcage. Remove the card edge access cover from the desired slot where you will be inserting the KONA card.
- 7. Holding the KONA card by the card edge plate and an outside edge, carefully insert the KONA card by rocking it slowly into the slot. Ensure the card edge aligns properly with the PC's opening (where the card edge cover was just removed) and that it is fully seated in the slot.
- 8. Secure the card in the slot replacing the card retainer bar.
- 9. Replace the PC's panel/door removed in step 3.

Cabling the System

When installing your system, you'll make video and audio input/output connections. These connectors are described individually in Chapter 1. The following diagrams illustrate and describe system interconnection for the three KONA models.

KONA 4/3G Connections

Figure 12. KONA 4/3G System Using Breakout Cable



Typical System

Figure 13 on page 26 shows typical system interconnections for a system with digital A/V sources. Your system may differ depending on VTRs, audio monitoring, and video monitoring.

- If desired, connect your house reference sync to the KONA 4/3G Ref Loop connector (BNC). On the breakout cable this is a terminated reference input. The second KONA 4/3G Ref Loop connector on the optional Breakout Box can be connected to your VTR. If you do not loop through the reference, the second connector should be terminated with a 75-ohm terminator.
- 2. Connect a Video Monitor to the KONA 4/3G Component Analog Video Out BNC connectors (preferred), or instead connect to a composite monitor. (If you have an SDI or HD-SDI enabled monitor, you may also connect one of the KONASDI outputs to a monitor as well.)
- 3. Connect the 9-pin DE9 machine control cable on the supplied breakout cable to your VTR's RS422 control port or connect a 9-pin DE9 cable between the breakout box and the VTR's RS422 serial port.
- 4. Connect two SDI cables between KONA 4/3G and your digital VTR (Digital Betacam etc.): one from KONA 4/3G SDI In to the VTR SDI Out, and one from KONA 4/3G SDI Out (1 or 2) to the VTR SDI In. The KONA 4/3G SDI connections have embedded audio (16-channels) so the VTR must be configured accordingly. These connections will be made via the mini-connectors-to-BNC cable or via the optional K3G-Box.
- 5. If you have an AES/EBU-ready audio monitoring system, then connect the eight channels of AES/EBU output from KONA 4/3G's BNC connectors: 1/2, 3/4, 5/6, and 7/8, to the monitoring system AES/EBU inputs. If you have an analog audio monitoring system, you can use the two RCA-style unbalanced stereo output jacks on the optional K3G-Box for output.

Workstation computer Computer Monitor External Storage Video Monitor Component Video AJA KONA 4/3G Card 3 BNCs (Analog Connections): HDMI Output cable In SD Can be Configured for Component, Composite, or S-Video In HD Can Only Be Component Optional Genlock Reference Input BNC Reference LTC Output BNC HBA for connection LTC Input BNC of external storage Installed Audio Input BNCs inside computer Channels 1-8 (2 channels/connector) 4-mini BNCs to 4 standard BNCs Audio Output BNCs AES/EBU Audio Out Channels 1-8 to Monitor System (2 channels/connector) RS422 Machine Control (9-pin) In 4K Mode all four mini BNCs are Inputs or Outputs, SDI Out1/Link A BNC one for each Quandrant of the image SDI Out2/Link B BNC SDI Out1=Left top SDI In1/Link A BNC SDI cable SDI Out2=Right top Digital VTR with SDI Inputs SDI In2/Link B BNC SDI Out 3=Left bottom SDI Video with Embedded SDI Out 4=Right bottom Audio In/Out

Figure 13. Typical KONA 4/3G System Connections

LHe Plus Cable Connections

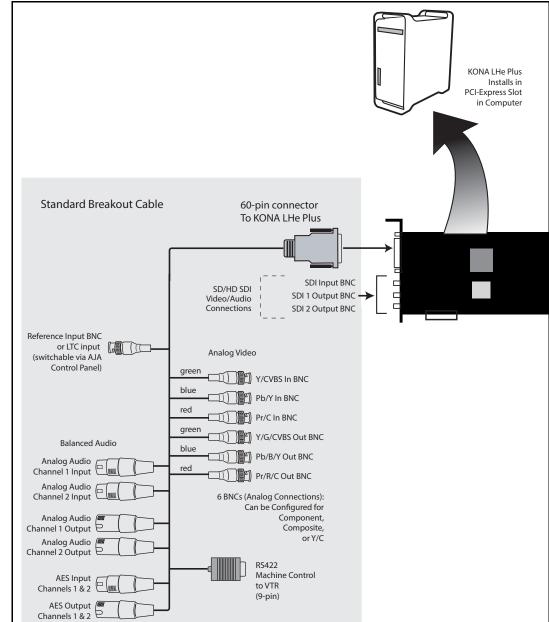


Figure 14. KONA LHe Plus System Using The Breakout Cable

Typical System

Figure 15 on page 28 shows typical system interconnections for KONA LHe Plus with digital A/V sources. Your system may differ depending on VTRs, audio monitoring, and video monitoring.

- 1. If desired, connect your house reference sync to the KONA LHe Plus *Ref Loop* connector (BNC). The second KONA Ref Loop connector on the KL-box (if used) can be connected to the VTR or terminated with a 75-ohm terminator.
- 2. Connect a Video Monitor to the KONA LHe Plus *Component Analog Video Out* BNC connectors (preferred), or instead connect to a composite monitor.

- 3. Connect a 9-pin DE9 machine control cable between your VTR's RS422 control port and the breakout cable's *RS-422* machine control connector.
- 4. Connect two SDI cables between the KONA card (BNCs are on the card endplate) and your digital VTR (Digital Betacam etc.): one from KONA card's *SDI In* to the VTR SDI Out, and one from card's *SDI Out* (1 or 2) to the VTR SDI In. The KONA LHe Plus SDI connections have embedded audio so the VTR must be configured accordingly.
- 5. If you have an AES/EBU-ready audio monitoring system, connect the two channels of AES/EBU output from KONA's XLR connectors (channels 1 and 2) to the monitoring system AES/EBU inputs. If, instead, you have an analog audio monitoring system, you can use either the XLR balanced audio connectors or the two RCA-style unbalanced stereo output jacks on the Optional KL-box for output.

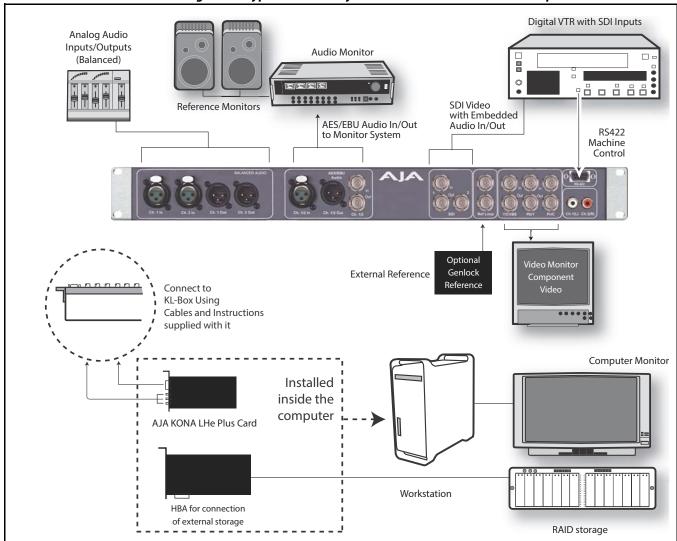


Figure 15. Typical LHe Plus System Connections—Shown with Optional KL-Box

LHi Cable Connections

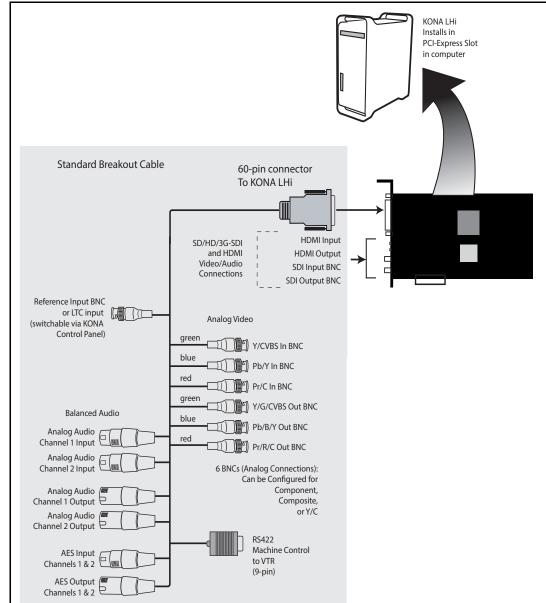


Figure 16. KONA LHi System Using The Breakout Cable

Typical System

A figure on the following page shows typical system interconnections for a system with digital A/V sources. Your system may differ depending on VTRs, audio monitoring, and video monitoring.

- If desired, connect your house reference sync to the KONA LHi Ref Loop connector (BNC). The second KONA LHi Ref Loop connector on the KLHi-box (if used) can be connected to the VTR or terminated with a 75-ohm terminator. If instead using LTC timecode input, connect to the Ref Loop input.
- 2. Connect an HDMI Video Monitor to the KONA LHi HDMI Out connector. Or instead, use the Component Analog Video Out BNC connectors to go to an analog monitor.

- 3. Connect a 9-pin DE9 machine control cable between your VTR's RS422 control port and the breakout cable's *RS-422* machine control connector.
- 4. Connect two SDI cables between KONA LHi (BNCs are on the card endplate) and your digital VTR (Digital Betacam etc.): one from KONA LHi SDI In to the VTR SDI Out, and one from KONA LHi SDI Out to the VTR SDI In. The KONA LHi SDI connections have embedded audio so the VTR must be configured accordingly.
- 5. If you have an AES/EBU-ready audio monitoring system, then connect the two channels of AES/EBU output from KONA LHi's XLR connectors (channels 1 and 2) to the monitoring system AES/EBU inputs. If you instead have an analog audio monitoring system, you can use either the XLR balanced audio connectors or the two RCA-style unbalanced stereo output jacks on the Optional KLHi-Box for output.

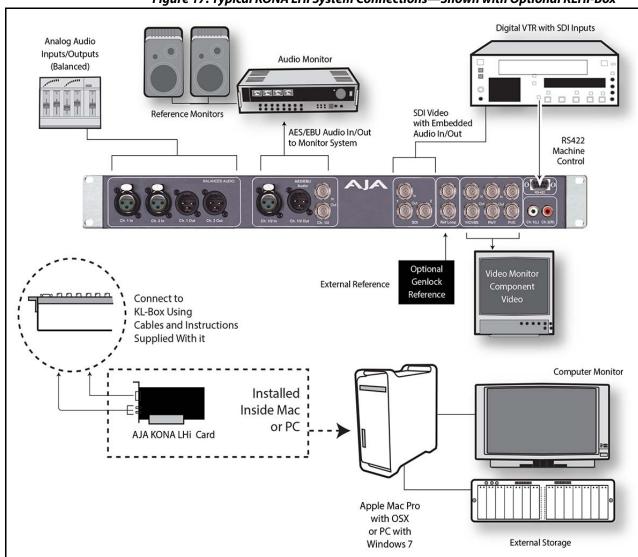


Figure 17. Typical KONA LHi System Connections—Shown with Optional KLHi-Box

Installing KONA Software

For AJA KONA software installation, go to the downloads page on the AJA website:

http://www.aja.com/en/support/downloads/

NOTE: Always uninstall previous versions of KONA software before updating your software.

Before installing the KONA software package, ensure that your capture/editing application is installed as detailed in its user documentation. You cannot use KONA with a third-party application until the application has been installed and run at least once on your workstation. Next, install the KONA software package.

Chapter 3: Operation



Using KONA with Professional Video /Audio Software

After you install the KONA software and any AJA plug-ins to support your choice of 3rd-party software, you're then ready to begin capturing and playing back video and audio.

Go here to look for AJA plug-ins and documentation for your favorite 3rd-party software applications:

http://www.aja.com/en/support/downloads/

Once you've installed all the AJA software as detailed in the separate KONA Installation Guide, you'll find the AJA Control Panel installed on your computer.

Control Panel Screens Used:

KONA 4 and KONA 3G Control Panel functions are virtually the same except for KONA 4's higher frame rates and certain HDMI and Analog Out monitoring options for 4K/UHD formats. KONA 3G Control Panel screen shots are used for this discussion.

AJA Control Panel Overview

The AJA Control Panel is a software application that provides a simple visual window showing how the KONA interface is currently configured and allows you to make changes.

To ensure you make the most of the software, launch the AJA Control Panel application and look at its display. Then refer to the "Basics" described here to fully understand what you're seeing and learn how to view and change the KONA system configuration.

Setups you create can be saved as a snapshot (Presets screen) for recall at any time. You can save various KONA configurations associated with all your frequent tasks. You don't have to spend time resetting interface configurations—just load the previously saved settings for each task.

Single-user & Network Settings

The AJA Control Panel offers preference settings that support both:

- User Preferences— Preferences stored from the last Control Panel State to be used on next startup of AJA Control Panel.
- Shared Preferences Preferences saved by an Administrator for use as a default start state for AJA Control Panel.

User Preferences: This file exists to immediately, automatically, store preference changes made by a user on a particular AJA device. When any control is changed in the Control Panel, that change is recorded in the preferences file stored in a unique user preferences location dedicated to that particular device and serial number. Then, when AJA control panel is restarted for any reason, it will restart with the same preferences it used when it closed.

> However, if a user sets their preferences, and then replaces the AJA device with a different one, the Control Panel will either:

- Start up with the factory defaults, or
- Start up with the "house defaults" dictated by the system administrator (if a Shared Preferences file exists).

The User Preferences File can be found in the following locations.

On Mac:

/Users/<USER_NAME>/Library/Preferences/com.aja.devicesettings

On Windows 8:

C:\Users\<USER_NAME>\AppData\Local\Aja\com.aja.devicesettings

Shared Preferences:

An administrator can establish house standards for the AJA Control Panel by creating the user preferences file (described above) and placing it in a shared location where it will establish a standard default startup state for all users of a given computer system. These settings preempt the initial AJA default settings.

To establish the House Default for every user on every system, a system or network administrator can move this default file to all systems on the network (manually or by pushing it out across the network). All users on the network will then open to the *House* Defaults when they launch the AJA control panel for the first time.

NOTE:

If the user makes changes to the control panel themselves, those changes will be saved in their user preferences, which will take priority over the house default dictated by the shared preferences file.

The Shared Preferences file should be a file created at the User Preferences location described above, and placed by the System Administrator in the following locations.

On Mac:

/Users/Shared/Library/Preferences/com.aja.devicesettings

On Windows 8:

C:\Users\All Users\Aja\com.aja.devicesettings

You'll notice that the Control Panel is a visual block diagram representing the KONA card configuration. The current status, input, and output settings, and many other details are presented as a color-coded block diagram in the Control Panel.

NOTE: This section describes all KONA card control screens and functions. Available screens and functions vary across KONA models. KONA LHe Plus and LHi generally offer subsets of the more robust functionality of the KONA 4/3G. Therefore, the KONA 4/3G screens will be illustrated and exceptions for the other models will be noted. For example:

- KONA 4/3G offers HDMI output only and its HDMI screen offers output settings only,
- LHe Plus does not offer HDMI I/O and does not list that screen topic link at all,
- LHi provides HDMI input and output settings so it's HDMI input settings are described after KONA 4/3G HDMI output settings.

Control Panel Definitions

The following are some basic definitions you should know:

Block Diagram Screen:

The top area of the AJA Control Panel shows a representation of the current processing (if any), including: inputs/outputs, up-,down-, or cross-conversion, reference source, and system status. Lines between inputs, the framebuffer, and outputs, show a video path. Where there are no lines, no video presence is detected. This can be either because an input or output isn't selected or because no video is present at the selected input. The lines will also show whether the inputs or outputs are single, dual, video, or video + key.



Icon objects on the block diagram screen (input/output icons, frame buffer, etc.) indicate their status by color.

You can click on an icon to call up its related settings screen (for example, click an HDMI icon to call up the HDMI screen information) or click any of the screen selection links in the left column. Also, you can right-click or Control-click an icon to see context-sensitive information and choices.

NOTE: You can use the Up/Down arrows on your keyboard to select from the screen navigation links.

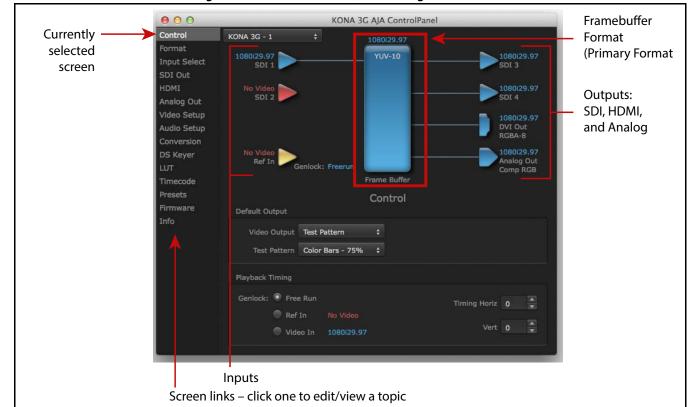


Figure 18. AJA Control Panel, Block Diagram

Framebuffer:

The framebuffer is the "engine" in KONA where active video operations take place using the third-party video application, or KONA itself. The framebuffer has a format (called the "Primary Format" and color space that it follows, as defined in the Control Panel Screens or via external application software "easy setups").

It is important to realize that inside the workstation computer, many applications can use the KONA card (as you switch from window to window) and it may not always be obvious which currently controls it.

The Control Panel displays the name of the application controlling the KONA card in the upper right corner (see the figure below). In some cases, applications may not always properly release the I/O interface as another takes over—you'll be able to tell by looking at the Control Panel.

After studying the basics, read "Who is Controlling KONA?" on page 69 for more advanced information on how applications interact with KONA.

Control
Format
Input Select
SDI 1
No Video
SDI 1
No Video
SDI 2

No Video
SDI 2

T20p59.94
YUV-8
T720p59.94
SDI 4

T20p59.94
SDI 4

Figure 19. Control Panel Screen Showing Application Currently Using KONA

Primary Format:

The video format currently assigned to the KONA card. This is the format that the framebuffer will use and is shown in the Control Panel using the color blue. All icons in blue are the same as the Primary Format used by the framebuffer. Also any text descriptions in the block diagram that appear in blue also indicate that something is in the primary format. So if you see that the input and output icons are blue, then you know that the same format is used throughout the video path and no format conversion is being performed. If a different color is displayed on the input or output (green for example) you know that KONA is performing a format conversion in the video path.

Secondary Format:

Any format other than the currently selected Primary Format, is a secondary format. This means that either the Inputs or Outputs are somehow different from the framebuffer's assigned format—the "Primary Format." The color change from blue makes this immediately apparent.

Input/Output Icons:

These icons are active color-coded triangles that show the status of all the KONA inputs and outputs (selected, not selected, input presence, format, etc.). A complete video path is shown when inputs and outputs are connected with lines going to/from the framebuffer.

Figure 20. Input/Output Icon



Conversion Icons:

When an input or output is a different standard than the framebuffer, the KONA card may be up-, down-, or cross-converting the signal to the selected standard. This may be automatic, because it's detected an input signal that differs from the standard currently selected, or because you've explicitly told it to convert. In either case, the block diagram will show the conversion by displaying a conversion icon between the input or output and the framebuffer.

Figure 21. Signal Conversion Icons



Color Meanings:

All items in the AJA Control Panel block diagram are color-coded to show what is happening in realtime. This applies to both icons and text. These colors have the following corresponding meanings:

- Blue: video is same format as the Primary Format (framebuffer)
- Red: the selected operation cannot be performed
- Yellow: reference video (black burst or other reference source)
- Green: indicates that KONA is performing an active change to the video making it different from the Primary Format (e.g., down-conversion).

Control Panel Screens:

The left side area of the AJA Control Panel provides a navigation list of available function screens. Clicking on a link (or alternatively, a related element in the block diagram) displays an information screen corresponding to that topic. Screens that can be selected for KONA are:

Control: configures some basic KONA operation options and output timing.

Format: select the framebuffer primary video format and any secondary formats for conversion of inputs/outputs

Input Select: view and edit input selections and audio mapping

SDI Out: select output format

HDMI: configure the HDMI I/O (LHi, KONA 4 and 3G models only)

Analog Out: configure the component format and audio monitor setup

Video Setup: configures Video such as composite black level, progressive format and QuickTime options.

Audio Setup: configures Audio options such as analog audio monitor level.

Conversion: (Mac platform only) select codec options such as whether paused video appears as a full frame or a single field (jitter shown or not shown) and 24 to 30 fps padding patterns. Select RGB range, and Stereo 3D signal configuration (if applicable).

DS Keyer: setup and control the insertion of keyed video from the frame buffer or graphics files with alpha channel.

LUT: Load a lookup table (LUT) file to adjust the calibration of color for any source. **Timecode:** monitors RP-188 timecode and configure timecode window burn output (Note: SMPTE 12M-2 is the updated name and specification for what was RP-188).

Presets: add or delete saved preset configurations (handy for setting up the KONA card for varied workflows and then saving them as canned configuration for quick and easy recall)

Firmware: for KONA 4/3G, choose between Standard and 4K Modes and initiate installation of the firmware. For all KONA models, install KONA firmware contained in your current driver package.

Info: displays status information and firmware version # of the KONA card and how it is installed in the host computer. This information is generally intended for troubleshooting/support.

Control Panel Operation in Standard Mode

NOTE:

This section discusses KONA standard mode Control Panel operation. The KONA 4 and 3G cards also offer 4K Mode which will be discussed later (see "Using KONA 4 and 3G in 4K Mode" on page 60).

Control Screen

The KONA card can be controlled by various software applications running on a host computer. The Control screen is where you select how the KONA directs video and is used by application software. This screen also provides control for configuring output timing with regard to external reference video and horizontal/vertical delay.

At the top of the Control Screen it will show the currently selected AJA device if more than one is available in your system.



Figure 22. AJA Control Panel, Control Screen

Control Screen Settings

Default Output

This is where you select what the KONA card will output as a default when no application has control of the board, such as when the Mac Finder or Windows Navigation Pane is active. Since KONA can be controlled by software applications as well as its own control panel, the output can change dynamically. When you select many video applications, they will take control of the KONA inputs and outputs. However, when an application that doesn't take control is active, these settings determine what KONA will output.

The following are the Default Output Choices and their meanings:

Black: This selection directs the KONA card to output video black whenever an application isn't

controlling the card.

Input Pass through: This selection directs KONA to route video from its selected input through the card for

processing and output. When this selection is chosen, all Primary/Secondary Format selections are available for selection in controlling the output. This in effect makes the KONA card a converter. No applications other than the AJA Control Panel need be open to convert audio and video from one format to another. For example, if you have KONA 3G or LHi and need to dub an SD source tape needs to an HD tape, the signal can be routed from the SD VTR to the KONA card configured for up-conversion in the AJA Control Panel and then passed through to the HD VTR for recording. (Note: LHe Plus

performs down-conversion only.)

Test Pattern: This selection directs the KONA card to output a choice of preset pattern when no other

application is using the KONA card. You can choose from:

Black, Color bars (75% or 100%), Ramp, Multiburst, Line Sweep, Multi Pattern, or Flat Field.

In addition to the preset test pattern choices, a "Load File..." selection at the bottom of the menu allows you to load any standard RGB graphics file (.tif,.psd, etc.) into the frame

buffer for display.

While in Test Pattern mode, you can select RGB or YUV output via a pulldown menu.

NOTE: The graphic file will not be scaled to fit. If it's smaller than the current frame buffer format,

KONA will center it in the frame. If it's larger than the current frame buffer format, it will be cropped on the right and bottom. Also some graphics formats and bit depths may not be supported. Once a graphic file is loaded into the frame buffer it will be retained until it is overwritten by another graphic or test pattern, or when power is turned off. Graphic file

names are only "remembered" in the menu until the AJA Control Panel application closed.

Hold Last Application: This selection directs KONA to hold and output the last frame of video from the last

application to control KONA. This can be helpful when operating in an environment where you're switching back and forth between multiple application windows.

Playback Timing Use these controls to set Genlock and Timing adjustment.

Genlock: Selects how KONA will synchronize program video:

Freerun: In this mode, KONA generates sync without an external reference source

Ref In: Directs KONA to use the Ref Video source for sync (usually an analog black burst

video signal)

Video In: Directs KONA to use whichever video input source has been selected in the

Inputs Screen for sync

Timing (Horiz and Vert):: These two pull-downs allow output timing adjustment with reference to the Ref Video source selected:

• Horizontal selects a number of pixels (clocks) to offset

• Vertical specifies a number of lines to offset

Format Screen

The Formats screen shows the video format currently in use by the KONA framebuffer (called the *Primary Format*) and allows you to change it. All throughout the Control Panel, choices are always presented based on what KONA can do with the signals available and the inputs/outputs selected. For example, on the Format screen, if the output or inputs are a different format than the primary, then you'll see an additional information pane that allows you to view and edit the secondary format—including control over whether up/down/cross conversion is employed.

000 KONA 3G AJA ControlPanel KONA 3G - 1 Format YUV-10 1080|29.97 1080129.97 Input Select SDI 1 SDI 3 SDI Out HDMI SDI 2 SDI 4 Analog Out Video Setup Audio Setup **DVI** Out RGBA-8 1080129.97 DS Kever Ref In Analog Out Comp RGB Genlock: Freerun Frame Buffer Timecode Presets Format Firmware Primary (Frame Buffer) Format Info Format 1080i29.97 Pixel Format YUV-10 VANC RGB Range Full (Default) Secondary (Converted) Format Format 525i29.97 Anamorphic SD to SD Off

Figure 23. AJA Control Panel, Formats Screen

Format Screen Settings

Video Format (Primary and Secondary): These pull-down menus show the currently selected formats. If you select an alternate value in the Primary Format using the pull-down, it will change the format used by KONA's framebuffer.

When a change is made via the Video Format pull-down or by clicking an icon and selecting a new format via a contextual menu, the block diagram will change to reflect the new format. In the case of a Secondary Format, the formats available can vary based on what the Primary Format is and the input signal (frame rates of input sources limits the to/from conversion choices).

The "Secondary Video Format" pull-down menu lists all compatible formats for selection (incompatible formats are not shown). This allows you to see what you've chosen, and also see those formats that are compatible with the selected Primary format.

Pixel Format: Use this pulldown menu to choose: YUV-10, YUV-8, RGB-10, or ARGB-8

RGB Range: The RGB Range pulldown menu allows you to select either Full-range (0-1023) or SMPTE

range (typically 64-940) for RGB color output.

For video formats supported by the KONA models, refer to "Specifications" on page 75.

NOTE:

The AJA Control Panel software uses the abbreviation "sf" instead of "psf" when referring to "progressive segmented frame" formats. In the manual and in other literature you may see either of these acronyms used interchangeably. Visually, it is easier to recognize:

- "sf" for progressively segmented frame formats
- "p" for progressive frame formats

Format Conversions

Cross-conversion:

If you have an HD format as your primary and then select a secondary HD format with a different frame size, the KONA 4/3G will perform a cross-conversion where necessary (input or output) for "like Hz" formats. "Like Hz" means that 720P 59.94 may be converted to 1080i 29.97 (59.94Hz). Converting from disparate Hz is not supported on the KONA 4/3G for cross-conversions. The example below shows 1080i to 720p.

Up (Conversion):

The *Up* and *Down* pull-down menus are available when conversion has been selected for the video path to/from the framebuffer and like Hz formats are selected (the one exception is 1080PsF 23.98 which can be downconverted to 525i 29.97.) Different choices will be available depending on the type of conversion and formats being converted. SD to SD conversions are essentially aspect ratio conversions to accommodate transforming anamorphic images to letterbox or vice versa.

For up-conversion the following choices are available:

- Anamorphic: full-screen "stretched" image
- Pillar box 4:3: results in a 4:3 image in center of screen with black sidebars
- Zoom 14:9: results in a 4:3 image zoomed slightly to fill a 14:9 image with black sidebars
- Zoom Letterbox: results in image zoomed to fill full screen
- Zoom Wide: results in a combination of zoom and horizontal stretch to fill a 16:9 screen; this setting can introduce a small aspect ratio change

Down (Conversion): For down-conversion the following choices are available:

- Letterbox: image is reduced with black top and bottom added to image area with the aspect ratio preserved
- Crop: image is cropped to fit new screen size
- Anamorphic: full-screen "stretched" image

KONA 3G AJA ControlPanel Control KONA 3G - 1 Format **YUV-10** 720p59.94 Input Select SDI Out 1080 to 720 720p59.94 Analog Out 1080 to 720 Video Setup Audio Setup **Auto Detect** Conversion DS Keyer Analog Out Comp SMPTE Genlock: SDI In 1 Frame Buffer Timecode Presets Format Info Format 1080i29.97 Pixel Format YUV-10 ■ VANC RGB Range Full (Default) Secondary (Converted) Format Format 720p59.94 Down Crop Up Anamorphic SD to SD Off

Figure 24. AJA Control Panel, Formats Screen, Example shows cross-conversion

SD to SD: This pulldown is for SD to SD aspect ratio conversion.

- Letterbox: this transforms SD anamorphic material to a letterboxed image
- *H Crop*: will produce a horizontally stretched effect on the image; transforms anamorphic SD to full frame SD
- *Pillarbox*: will produce an image in the center of the screen with black borders on the left and right sides and an anamorphized image in the center
- V Crop: will transform SD letterbox material to an anamorphic image

Input Select Screen

On the Inputs screen, you can view the currently selected video and audio input sources and map audio sources to the channels supported by your editing application. Two information panes in the screen are provided: Video Input and Audio Input.

Figure 25. AJA Control Panel, Inputs Screen



Input select Screen Settings

Video Input:

The pulldown menu allows you to see and change the currently selected video format that KONA has detected (if any). In the KONA 3G example shown above, video is selected at the SDI1 input and the format is 1080i with a frame rate of 29,97. Since this text is shown in blue, you an tell that it matches the framebuffer's primary format selected in the "Formats" screen. By looking at the input source, you can determine how the promary format should likely be set (unless you want to perform a conversion on the input). If you wish to select a different input, use the pulldown to select either SDI 1, 2, or Dual Link for two-wire 4:4:4 RGB, or Stereo 3D. For 3G single-link, choose the SDI Source used and select Stereo 3D from the SDI pulldown menu.

Use the LTC/Ref menu pulldown next to Video Input to select how the LTC BNC is used:

- Reference = a Reference standard
- LTC=linear time code (LTC) input.

System Genlock:

For video stability and proper system operation, you can genlock all equipment to house sync. However, genlock is not required due to KONA's excellent freerun accuracy. To connect genlock, use a black burst generator output looped through the system. On the KONA, connect house sync to "LTC/Ref In."

NOTE: Be sure to set the Reference/LTC connection to Reference in the pulldown menu in the Video Input pane.

Audio Input:

This pulldown menu allows you to pick where the audio comes from. KONA supports up to 8 channels of embedded audio. You can choose from the 16 channels embedded in the SDI, which 8 to bring in (1-8 or 9-16). Here, if only two channels were selected in the third-party application you are using, you can select which two channels from the 8 embedded will be mapped to that application.

SDI Output Screen

The SDI Output Screen shows the current settings for both of the SDI outputs. Because the outputs can be configured independently, one output may be the Primary format and the other output may be the Secondary format. If an input/output has no video, it will be indicated on the block diagram ("No Video").

KONA 3G AJA ControlPanel Control KONA 3G - 1 Format YUV-10 1080129.97 1080129.97 Input Select SDI 1 SDI 3 SDI Out 720p59.94 SDI 2 SDI 4 Analog Out 1080 to 720 Video Setup Audio Setup **DVI** Out RGBA-8 Conversion 1080129.97 DS Keyer Analog Out Genlock: Freerun Frame Buffer Timecode Presets SDI Output Firmware SDI Output 1 Info Select Primary ✓ Dual Link Dual Stream 3Gb SDI Output 2 ‡ 720p59.94 Select Secondary

Figure 26. AJA Control Panel, SDI Output Screen

SDI Output screen settings

Configure the SDI outputs using pulldown menus:

Primary: When selected, this indicates that the SDI output is set to the same format as the

framebuffer. That value will be listed in blue.

Secondary: When selected, this indicates that the SDI output is set to a format different from the

framebuffer (Primary Format). That secondary format value will be listed in green. This shows that active processing of the video is taking place (format change and possibly up-

or down-conversion).

Video+Key: When selected, this indicates that the SDI 3 video is set to the same format as the

framebuffer. SDI 4 is set to a video key signal associated with SDI 3 (the shape to be cut out from the video - this will appear as a black and white image/matte). Using the second KONA output as an Alpha Channel key, with the video output, may be useful for feeding production switchers, DVEs or other professional video equipment. If Video+Key has been selected as an output, the block diagram will indicate the SDI outputs with video in

blue and the key in red.

Stereo: When selected, this indicates that SDI 1 represents the left eye output and SDI 2

represents the right eye output of stereoscopic material. KONA 4/3G also offers single link

3Gb output of multiplexed Stereo 3D.

Dual Stream Options:

Dual Link: Output (SMPTE 372M) using SDI 1 and SDI 1 in concert.

3Gb: Output (SMPTE 424M) using a single-link transport.

HDMI Screen

The KONA 4, 3G and LHi models offer HDMI output while the LHi card accepts HDMI input also. The following descriptions and figures show the 3G output configuration options followed by LHi HDMI Input options.



Figure 27. KONA LHi HDMI Screen

HDMI Output Settings The Source pulldown menu allows you to select either the primary video format (framebuffer) or a secondary one (up/down/cross-conversion).

> Stereo 3D: A pulldown menu for 3D output allows you to select either Side-by-Side or Top-Bottom

(Stacked) output of left-eye and right-eye signals.

NOTF: This selection must agree with format selection in the third-party CineForm Codec (NOT

included with AJA KONA 4/3G) pulldown menu.

Pulldowns are also provided for configuring the video Protocol, Color Space, RGB Range,

and Audio Channels:

The Protocol pulldown allows you to choose either "HDMI" or "DVI" protocol—use DVI if Protocol:

you're outputting to a DVI monitor using an HDMI to DVI adapter.

Selects the HDMI output color space and depth. These are the choices: Color Space:

> • Auto-UDC automatically selects the mode based on getting the attached HDMI device's EDID information. This is the recommended setting. The selected mode is shown to the right of the pull-down control.

• RGB 8Bit-UDC uses 8-bit RGB mode regardless of the attached device's EDID.

• RGB 10Bit-UDC uses 10-bit RGB mode regardless of the attached device's EDID.

• YCbCr 10Bit-UDC uses 10-bit YCbCr mode regardless of the attached device's EDID.

RGB Range (SMPTE or Full levels)—the RGB Range pulldown menu allows you to select either Full range (0-1023) or SMPTE range (typically 64-940) for RGB color output.

Audio Channels—an Audio Channel pulldown allows you to select the number of embedded audio channels for the HDMI output.

KONA LHI HDMI Input Settinas

The detected HDMI input video format is displayed and you're given pull-down menus to configure the RGB range (SMPTE or FULL) and select any two embedded channel pairs from those supplied for stereo output (if applicable).

Figure 28. KONA LHi Input Screen section



Analog Out Screen

KONA 4/3G provides a high-quality analog component or composite + Y/C output, generally used for monitoring. This screen shows the current settings for that analog output, and allows you to re-configure it when desired (format and black-level).

Figure 29. AJA Control Panel, Analog Out Screen



Analog Out Settings

Analog Output:

Select Primary or Secondary (any conversion applied) for the analog output; if a conversion is applied, you'll see the conversion icon appear on the block diagram.

Formats:

Next, select the video format from the *Format* pulldown.

- Component (SMPTE/EBU N10)
- · Component (Beta)
- Component (RGB)

A Note About YPbPr:

Component Video, or YPbPr, has been given several names over time. YUV, Y/R-Y/B-Y, and YCbCr, are just some examples. Although these various formats have some differences in levels, they are all basically the same. KONA uses the modern YPbPr terminology exclusively. KONA supports three different types of YPbPr:

- SMPTE/EBU N10
- Betacam (NTSC)
- Betacam (NTSC Japan).

These three formats differ in level only and are configured here.

Audio Monitor:

Here you select which two channels will be mapped to the analog audio stereo output (headphone jack).

Video Setup Screen

KONA4/3G provides a high-quality analog component or composite output, generally used for monitoring. This screen shows the current settings for that analog video output, and allows you to re-configure it when desired.

Figure 30. AJA Control Panel, Video Setup Screen



Video Setup Screen Settings

Analog Black Level:

Choices available for Black Level are the two Composite analog formats. Choices presented are for US or Japan:

- 7.5 IRE (NTSC US)
- 0 IRE (NTSC Japan)

Progressive Formats:

Radio buttons allow you to choose between psf (progressive segmented frames) and p (progressive frames) non-interlaced output.

QuickTime Video Output Filter (available on Mac OS only):

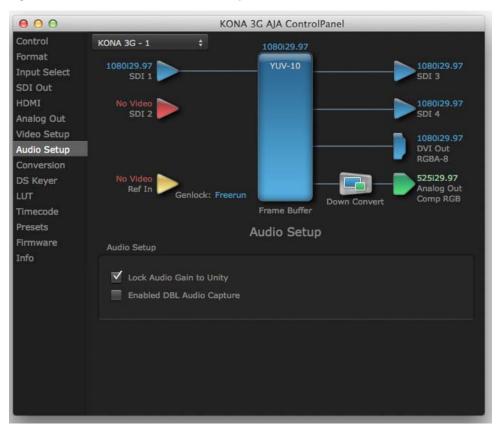
The QuickTime Video Output Display Filter is designed to help manage the comprehensive list of video outputs that may be available to applications.

By selecting the checkbox next to specified parameters, the video outputs related to these specified parameters are enabled as possible video outputs for applications. For example, if the checkbox next to 25/50 is unchecked, 50Hz video outputs are deselected and would not be available to the user's editing application. To avoid confusion when working in a particular editorial environment, you might choose to leave 50Hz unchecked if working solely in a 60Hz editorial environment. The same might be true if you do not intend to work with true progressive 1080 material.

Audio Setup Screen

This screen shows the current settings for the analog audio output, allowing you to reconfigure it when desired.

Figure 31. AJA Control Panel, Audio Setup Screen



Audio Setup Screen Settings

Lock Audio Gain To Unity: When set, the KONA 4/3G will ignore the third-party application gain setting and set the

audio gain at unity. When not set, this checkbox tells the KONA 4/3G to get the audio

gain setting from the application.

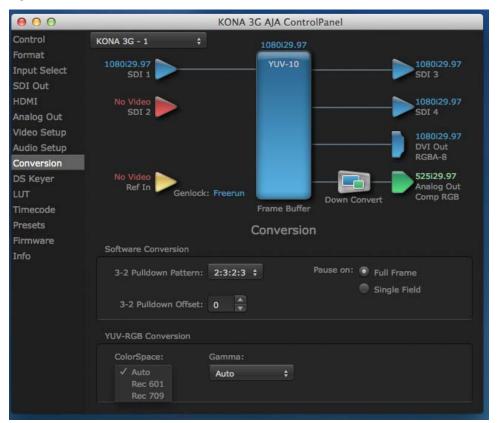
Enable DBL Audio Capture: This selection enables "double-speed" ingest of audio when using hardware and

software applications that support it.

Conversion Screen (Mac OS only)

In the Mac OS version of the AJA Control Panel, this screen offers controls that determine how the card behaves with 3rd-party applications.

Figure 32. AJA Control Panel, Conversion Screen



Conversion Screen Settings

Software Conversion:

The value selected in this pulldown is used whenever, due to format selection, you've chosen to do 24 frames-per-second to 30 conversion where extra fields will be added to pad the existing ones. Depending on video content, selection of different field patterns may be useful in reducing jitter due to the content of adjacent fields. The numbers in the pattern choices specify the frequency with which inserted fields will be repeated. For example, "2:3:2:3" means duplicate a field twice, then the next field three times, then the next twice, and then back to three times.

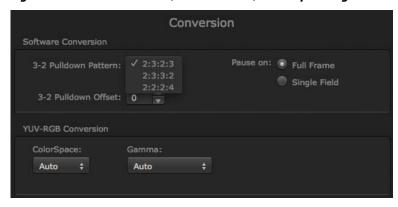
Pause On:

These two choices determine what happens when the editing application is paused in stop mode:

• Full Frame: both fields are displayed resulting in some jitter while paused

Single Field: a single field is displayed, showing no flicker (useful when color correcting or whenever the flickering would be a distraction).

Figure 33. AJA Control Panel, Codec Screen, Frame-padding Pattern Choices



YUV-RGB Conversion::

These pulldowns select industry standard color space and gamma transfer functions for the YUV-RGB conversion, or allow you to direct the KONA card to automatically determine it for you.

Colorspace: Choose from:

• Rec 601

• Rec 709

Auto

Gamma: Choose from the following:

Linear (1.8)

Rec 601 (2.20)

Rec 709 (2.22)

Auto

DS Keyer Screen

The KONA 4/3G have a hardware-based downstream keyer that is ideal for putting logos, "bugs" or other video material with an alpha channel on top of video being played out or printed to tape. A typical application would be putting a television station's call letters or channel over program video content. Keyed video can be from the KONA's internal Frame Buffer (from storage, video In, KONA TV, etc.) or from a graphics file that has an alpha channel (PhotoShop etc.).

NOTE: The Downstream Keyer is for use with Standard Mode firmware, not 4K Mode.

KONA 3G AJA ControlPanel KONA 3G - 1 Format YUV-10 Input Select SDI 1 SDI 3 SDI Out DS Keyer SDI 2 SDI 4 Analog Out Video Setup Audio Setup **DVI** Out 525129.97 DS Keyer Analog Out Comp RGB Genlock: SDI In 1 Frame Buffer Timecode Presets Downstream Keyer Firmware Info Mode Graphic Over Video In Matte Color: Audio Out: Frame Buffer Foreground pre-multiplied Audio In Graphic File Logo Alpha Key.psd

Figure 34. AJA Control Panel, Downstream Keyer Screen

Settings in the DS Keyer Screen provide control over how the keyer operates and whether it's turned on or off. Controls and their meanings in the screen are as follows:

Downstream Keyer Mode

Downstream Keyer Off: When this pulldown menu item is selected the downstream keyer will be turned off.

Frame Buffer over Matte: Places the keyed video with alpha channel currently in the Frame Buffer over a fixed color

matte determined by the "Matte Color" setting set separately.

Frame Buffer over Video In: Places the keyed video currently in the Frame Buffer over the video input for playout or

print-to-tape.

Graphic over Matte: Places a graphics file having an alpha channel (chosen in "Graphic File" pulldown) over a

fixed color matte determined by the "Matte Color" setting set separately.

Graphic over Video In: Places a graphics file having an alpha channel (chosen in "Graphic File" pulldown) over

the video input for playout or print-to-tape.

Graphic over Frame Buffer: Places a graphics file having an alpha channel (chosen in "Graphic File" pulldown) over

the current contents of the KONA card's Frame Buffer (which might be from storage,

video In, KONA TV, etc.).

Matte Color Only available when the pulldown "Frame Buffer over Matte" or "Graphic over Matte" are

selected-pressing this button brings up a color selection dialog. The dialog provides a variety of ways to select a matte color including a color wheel, color picker (choose from a location anywhere on the computer screen), numeric sliders, swatches, "crayons", and spectrums. The matte chosen will be used as a video background under the keyed video.

Foreground premultiplied (checkbox)

Use to avoid "matte lines" and improve the appearance of the foreground (key) being composited over the background.

Audio Out

Frame Buffer: Select audio out to be routed from the contents of the Frame Buffer.

Audio In: Select audio out to be routed from KONA's currently selected input(s).

Opacity This slider controls the transparency of the keyed video (over the background) from

translucent to completely opaque.

Graphic File

This pulldown allows you to choose from any recently accessed file or select a new file ("Load File..."), which then brings up a file dialogue. Remember that the file raster (pixel x pixel count) should match the primary format in the frame buffer or the secondary format if upconverting. Example: you wish to key a logo on top of your 1920x1080 footage, the still image with alpha channel that you load should be 1920x1080.

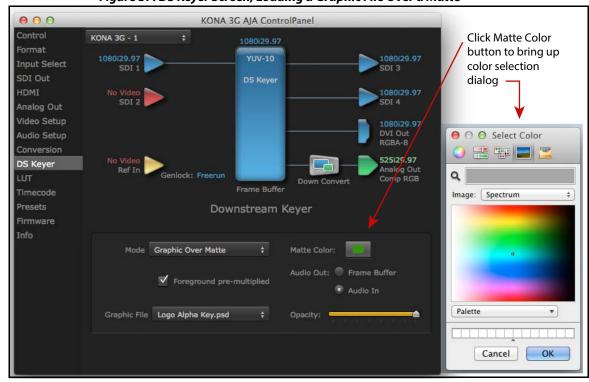
Figure 35. Downstream Keyer Graphic Selection



KONA 3G AJA ControlPanel Control KONA 3G - 1 Format YUV-10 Input Select SDI 3 SDI Out Analog Out Video Setup Audio Setup RGBA-8 Conversion No Video Ref In 525129.97 DS Keyer Analog Out Comp RGB Frame Buffer Timecode Presets Downstream Keyer Firmware Info Mode Graphic Over Frame Buffer \$ Matte Color: Audio Out: Frame Buffer ▼ Foreground pre-multiplied Audio In Graphic File Logo Alpha Key.psd

Figure 36. DS Keyer Screen, Loading a Graphic Over Framebuffer





LUT Screen

Users can specify their own custom LUTs by creating a LUT file and uploading it to an AJA Video Device using the LUT (lookup table) screen in the Control Panel. You can create a custom LUT file using most text editors or spread sheets, provided the data is arranged according to the LUT File Format Specification that follows (see "LUT File Format Specification" on page 55).

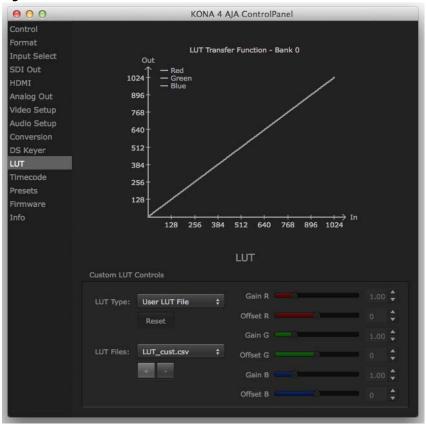


Figure 38. LUT Screen

Uploading Custom User LUT file:

Once the LUT file is created, you can upload it with the following steps:

- 1. Before loading a LUT, make sure you are using an RGB/RGBA frame buffer format, and that you have a AJA Video Device that supports LUTs.
- 2. Open AJA Control Panel and select the "LUT" pane.
- 3. Click the "LUT Type" popup and choose "User LUT File" menu item. Note "LUT Files" options become enabled.
- 4. Click the "+" button and use the navigation dialog to choose a custom LUT file. The LUT is now loaded.

LUT File Format Specification

- **LUT File Format** LUT files are normal text files that contain 1025 lines (numbered 0 1024).
 - Each line contains 3 integer values in the range 0 1023, representing 10 bit R, G, B component output values. Component values may be separated by one or more commas, spaces, or tabs. The example below show LUT File contents for Line 0, Line 1, Line 2, and Line 1024, with several valid ways to separate the numbers in a line.
 - 16, 17, 17
 - 17 18 18
 - 19 19 21
 - ...
 - 1000, 1022, 1023

In the example above, the first line (Line 0) represents the output values for the case where R=0, G=0, or B=0. In other words, if the R component of a pixel is set to 0, then set R component value to 16. Likewise, if G is set to 0, then set G to 17. The second line (Line 1) does a similar thing for input component values equal to 1.

A simple way to construct a LUT file is to use a Spreadsheet like Excel. Simply fill 3 columns and 1025 rows with LUT data, and save the result as a "CSV" file.

Timecode Screen

The Timecode input:

- Selects the timecode stream read for applications that use it (for example, when the timecode source is set to "Use control panel setting," AJA Control Room will read the selected stream)
- Is used for monitoring the RP-188 timecode embedded in the digital data stream
- Is used for selecting a timecode offset (if required)

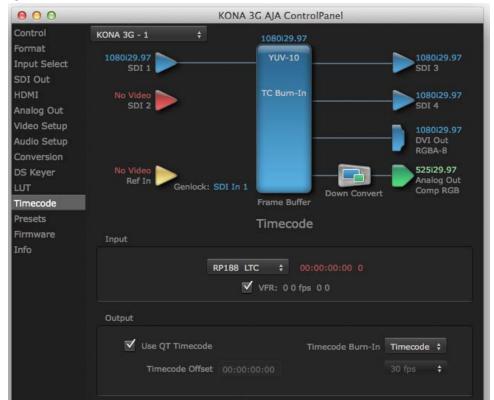


Figure 39. AJA Control Panel, Timecode Screen

Timecode Input Settings

RP-188 Timecode <n>:

In RP-188 timecode (SMPTE 12M-2) there can be multiple timecode types in the data stream. Use this pull-down to select the one you wish to monitor:

- RP188 LTC (Linear timecode)
- RP188 VITC 1 (Vertical Interval timecode)
- RP188 VITC 2
- LTC Port input

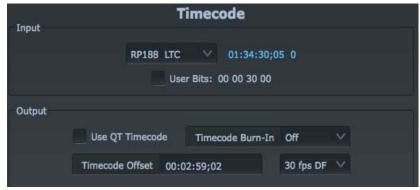
The selection will be displayed in the timecode value to the right of the pull-down.

User Bits:

For monitoring a variable framerate (VFR) timecode (such as Varicam), you may wish to check the User-bits box. If you set this checkbox, KONA will detect and interpret the user-bits and display them next to the checkbox. You will see the original framerate (30 fps in the figure below) followed by the adjusted frame padding (two digits reporting discarded and retained frame padding).

NOTE: SMPTE 12M-2 is the updated name and specification for what was RP-188.

Figure 40. AJA Control Panel, Timecode Screen



Timecode Output Settings

Use QuickTime Timecode (Mac OS Only):

This feature is for Final Cut Pro 7 (or earlier), AJA Control Room, and AJA TV only. When checked, it directs KONA to output timecode from the QuickTime timecode track.

Timecode Burn-in:

This pulldown selects whether the timecode value is displayed in a "burned-in" window in video output. If set to "OFF", timecode will not be keyed over the video. If set to "Timecode", then the timecode value will be keyed over the output video for all of the KONA outputs. This can be useful for synchronizing, choosing edit points, dailies, and many other purposes.

Timecode Offset (entry field and FPS pull-down):

When QuickTime timecode in disabled, this text entry field allows you to generate a timecode based on the offset entry. You can select a framerate from the pulldown menu at the right side of the pane. Use that same value here as the source video to ensure the timecode is synchronized.

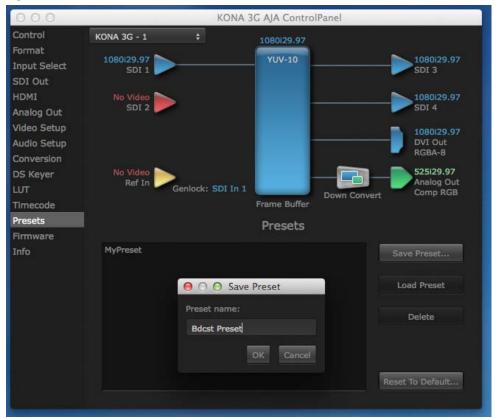
NOTE:

SMPTE RP 188 defines a standard for the transmission of time code and control code in the ancillary data space of a digital television data stream. Time code information is transmitted in the ancillary data space as defined in ANSI/SMPTE 291M. Multiple codes can be transmitted within a single digital video data stream. Other time information, such as real time clock, DTTR tape timer information, and other user-defined information, may also be carried in the ancillary time code packet instead of time code. The actual information transmitted through the interface is identified by the coding of a distributed binary bit. Equipment manufacturers can use the meta data for different purposes.

Presets Screen

After configuring the AJA Control Panel screens, you can then save all your settings as a snapshot for later recall—called a preset. In this way, you can organize presets for all your typical tasks, eliminating time-robbing manual reconfiguration each time. To save a preset, go to the Presets screen and click "Save Preset." A dialog will be presented asking you for a name; enter a meaningful name and click "OK". Thereafter the preset will be available under the Control Panel "Presets" list.

Figure 41. Presets Screen



From the Presets screen you can manage your collection of presets easily. To Load or Delete a stored preset, just select it with your mouse and then click the "Load Preset" or "Delete" button respectively.

Transferring Saved Presets:

If you want to use a saved Preset on another workstation, you can simply copy the file on removable storage and install it at the new location. The Preset file is always stored at:

- ~/Library/Application Support/AJA/<device name> Presets/ [on Mac]
- c:\Users\<username>\AppData\Local\AJA\Control Panel\<device name> Presets\ [Windows 8]

Reset to Default:

When you click the 'Reset to default' button the control panel will delete the User's preference file and do one of the following:

- A. If "Shared" preferences exist, they are reloaded and the device is set to this state.
- B. If the "Shared" preferences file does not exist, "factory defaults" are loaded and the device is set to this state.

For more information on Preset preferences see "Single-user & Network Settings" on page 32.

Firmware Screen

Use the Firmware link to access the firmware update/changeover screen. For the KONA 4/3G, the *Desired* pulldown menu allows you to select either:

- Standard Mode—for SD, HD, and 2K formats (allows up/down/cross-conversion)
- 4K Mode—for SD, HD, 2K and QuadHD (3840x2160) and 4K (4096x2160) formats (disables up/down/cross-conversion)

Click install to erase current firmware and load the desired mode. Note the Installation message shown below.

Figure 42. Firmware Changeover to 4K



You will be required to power-cycle your computer to finish the changeover.

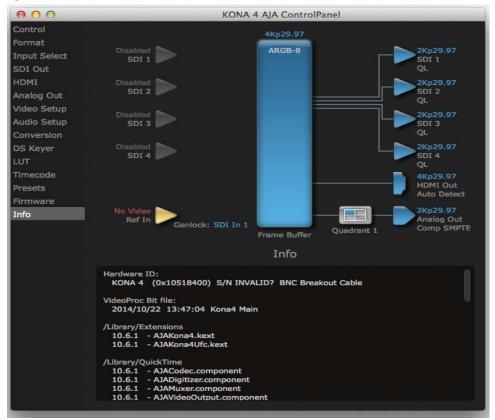
Figure 43. Changeover Completed



Info Screen

This screen shows the KONA software files that have been installed on your system. This information may be needed if you talk to an AJA Customer Service representative to determine if files are missing or need updating.

Figure 44. Information Screen in Standard Mode



Using KONA 4 and 3G in 4K Mode

In 4K Mode (KONA4/ 3G only), you can input (for capture) or output four channels of video representing individual quadrants of the higher definition 3840x2160 and 4096x2160 4K formats, see "Format Screen in 4K Mode" on page 61.

NOTE: The KONA 4/3G can only be configured for either input or output of SDI 4K. It cannot support 4K SDI input and output at the same time since both require four BNCs. KONA 4 can be configured for 4K SDI input and then use 4K HDMI output to monitor the passthrough video.

Figure 45. Mapping of Quad SDI Outputs



Physical connections of the quadrants will be mapped to the KONA 4/3G SDI connectors as shown. For the HDMI and Analog Outputs, you can from a variety of options for viewing (see "HDMI Screen in 4K Mode" on page 65 and "Analog Output Screen in 4K Mode" on page 66).

This section describes the AJA Control Panel operations specific to 4K Mode. Note that in 4K Mode, you can still capture and playback SD, HD, and 2K formats, though there are no up/

down/cross conversions available. You will see SDI inputs only when SD, HD, or 2K inputs are selected. SDI Outputs 1 & 2 will be reconfigured as SDI 1 & 2 Inputs on the screen.

KONA 3G AJA ControlPanel KONA 3G QUAD - 1 RGB-10 Input Select SDI Out HDMI SDI 2 Analog Out Video Setup Audio Setup SDI 3 Disabled SDI 4 SDI 4 Timecode DVI Out RGBA-8 Presets Firmware Analog Out Genlock: Freerun Frame Buffer Input Select Source SDI 1 SDI YUV Audio Input Select Embedded Ch 1-16 Map Channels 1-2 to 1-2 Rate 48000

Figure 46. HD SDI Input Format in 4K Mode

NOTE: Up, Down, and Cross Conversion are available only when the KONA 4/3G module has Standard Mode firmware installed (see "Firmware Screen" on page 58).

Format Screen in 4K Mode

In 4K Mode, you will see SDI inputs when the selected Primary Format is standard SD, HD or 2K. SDI inputs are reconfigured as Outputs SDI 1 & 2 when a 4K format is selected.

000 KONA 3G AJA ControlPanel KONA 3G QUAD - 1 Format Disabled SDI 1 RGB-10 Input Select SDI 1 QL Disabled SDI 2 2Kp29.97 SDI 2 QL Analog Out Video Setup Disabled SDI 3 2Kp29.97 SDI 3 QL Disabled SDI 4 2Kp29.97 SDI 4 QL DS Keyer LUT 2Kp29.97 HDMI Out Auto Detect 2Kp29.97 Analog Out Comp SMPTE Genlock: Freerun Quadrant 1 Frame Buffer Format Format 4Kp29.97 Pixel Format RGB-10 RGB Range Full (Default)

Figure 47. Format Screen with 4K Primary Selected

4K Capture Mode

You can configure the bi-directional SDI connectors for input by accessing the Control Screen and selecting *Input Passthrough* in the Default Output>Video Output menu.

Alternatively, when you launch an appropriate capture application (such as AJA Control Room) and select a 4K digitizer in the application, KONA 4/3G will automatically map the SDI ports to 4x HD(1080) for UHD. The inputs text will show "2Kx1080" for "true" 4K.

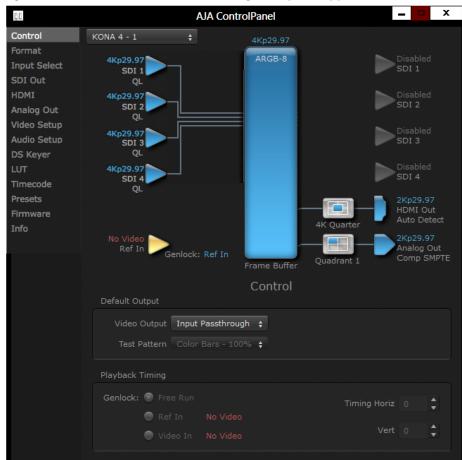
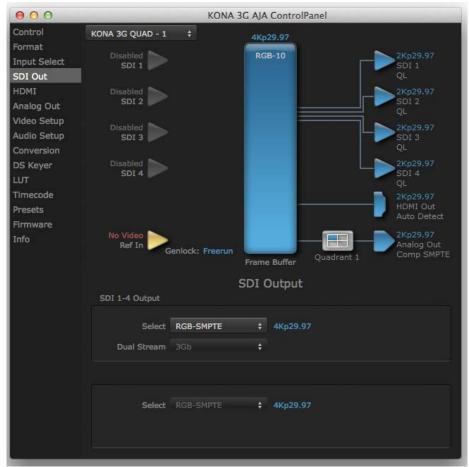


Figure 48. Control Screen with a Controlling 4K Capture Application

SDI Output Screen in 4K Mode

The SDI Output Screen allows you to select the Primary format or RGB for 4K output. Video+Key and Stereo 3D are available selections for SD, HD, or 2K formats only.

Figure 49. SDI Output Screen with 4K Format



HDMI Screen in 4K Mode

The HDMI screen allows you to make the same selections previously described for Standard Mode when an SD, HD, or 2K format is selected (refer to "HDMI Screen" on page 44).

х AJA ControlPanel KONA 4 - 1 YUV-10 Disabled SDI 1 SDI 1 SDI Out **HDMI** SDI 2 Analog Out Audio Setup SDI 3 DS Keyer Disabled SDI 4 Presets No Video Ref In Analog Out Comp SMPTE Genlock: Ref In Select 4K Quarter Protocol Auto Detect \$ Stereo 3D Off Color Space Auto Detect Audio Ch 2 Ch 1-2 RGB Range SMPTE

Figure 50. HDMI Output Screen with Quad HD Output Configuration

Exclusive to UHD/4K formats, an HDMI monitor output Select menu is available to choose:

- Primary the full 4K or UHD format
- 4K Quarter (in KONA 4) a downconversion to 2K x 1080 in 4K or 1920 x 1080 for UHD.
- A single Quadrant (1, 2, 3, or 4) of the 4K or UHD signal (see the discussion on 4K quadrant mapping at this beginning of this section).

Figure 51. HDMI 4K Quadrant Selection Menu



Analog Output Screen in 4K Mode

The Analog Output screen allows you to make the same selections previously described for Standard Mode when an SD, HD, or 2K format is selected (refer to "Analog Out Screen" on page 46).

AJA ControlPanel x KONA 4 - 1 Format YUV-10 Input Select SDI Out Analog Out Video Setup Audio Setup DS Keyer Disabled SDI 4 **Presets** HDMI Out Auto Detect **Firmware** Info No Video Ref In Analog Out Comp SMPTE Genlock: Ref In Select 4K Quarter Format Component (SMPTE) \$ Audio Monitor Ch 1-2

Figure 52. Analog Output Screen with 4K Primary Format

For 4K formats, a Quandrant Select menu is available to choose the desired quartersegment of the 4K display for Analog Output to a monitor (see the discussion on 4K quadrant mapping at this beginning of this section).

NOTE: KONA 4 offers a 4K Quarter output that is a downconversion to 2K x 1080 for 4K format or 1920 x 1080 for UHD

Video Setup Screen in 4K Mode

4K Mode also adds the 4K Geometry selection (check box). Like other raster sizes, the Geometries checkbox needs to be enabled for 4K for the format to be presented and selectable in applications like AJA Control Room and AJA TV.

KONA 3G AJA ControlPanel Control KONA 3G QUAD - 1 Format RGB-10 Input Select QL 3Gb RGBs SDI Out SDI 2 Analog Out Video Setup 4Kp29.97 Audio Setup SDI 3 SDI 3 QL 3Gb RGBs DS Keyer SDI 4 QL 3Gb RGBs Timecode Presets **Firmware** Analog Out Comp SMPTE Genlock: Freerun Frame Buffer Video Setup Video Setup 7.5 IRE Analog Black Level: Use psf Format O IRE **23.98/29.97/59.94** Frame Rates: ■ 2K V 24/30/60

Figure 53. Video Setup Adding 4K Geometry Checkbox

Downstream Keyer Screen in 4K Mode

The Downstream Keyer is not available for use in 4K Mode. If you select the tab, you will see:

"Keyer does not support 4K video formats"

Firmware Screen for Standard Firmware Update

Use the KONA 4/3G *Firmware* tab to access the firmware changeover screen. The Desired pulldown menu allows you to select either:

- Standard Mode—for SD, HD, and 2K formats (allows up/down/cross-conversion)
- 4K Mode—for SD, HD, 2K and QuadHD (3840x2160) and 4K (4096x2160) formats (disables up/down/cross-conversion)

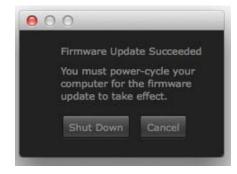
Select Standard Mode and click install to erase 4K firmware and load the Standard Mode. Note the Installation message shown below.

KONA 3G AJA ControlPanel KONA 3G QUAD - 1 RGB-10 Disabled SDI 1 Input Select QL 3Gb RGBs SDI Out 4Kp29.97 Disabled SDI 2 SDI 2 Analog Out QL 3Gb RGBs Video Setup Disabled SDI 3 Audio Setup SDI 3 QL 3Gb RGBs Disabled SDI 4 DS Keyer 2K1080p29.97 HDMI Out Presets Quadrant 4 Firmware Info Analog Out Comp SMPTE Quadrant 1 **Firmware** KONA 3G (Std Mode) - 7/2/13 ‡ Standard Mode allows Up, Down, and Cross conversion. The ability to do $4\mbox{\rm K}$ video playback will be disabled. 000 Installing KONA 3G (Std Mode) Firmware This operation takes several minutes and requires that you power-cycle your computer. Do you wish to continue? Continue Cancel

Figure 54. Firmware Changeover to 2K

You will be required to power-cycle your computer to finish the changeover.





Who is Controlling KONA?

There are times when you might have several Quicktime applications open at one time, and each of these might want to output their video thru the KONA video output. KONA is very flexible and most applications perform the necessary housekeeping so they work correctly when they're active and when they're not. This means that the application that is "active" (in front) will be granted control of the KONA video output. Generally, when you switch to a different application, the previous application lets go of the video output and the new application gets control.

Figure 56. AJA Control Panel Control Message



The AJA Control Panel in-use message will tell you the "active" application that has control of KONA (see in-use message above) and what the format selections are. If you click on another supported application that is running (such as Adobe Premiere Pro or AJA TV), the AJA Control Panel in-use message will report the change by displaying the new "In use" application. If no in-use message is displayed, the AJA Control Panel is in control of KONA. If no QuickTime applications are running, the board's state is determined by the AJA Control Panel application's settings.

QuickTime Application Format Selection

If a running QuickTime application uses KONA for capture or output, it controls the Primary format via its own menus and settings. For example, when the Third-party editing application is active (it's the front-most application) and has KONA as its "A/V Device", the KONA's Primary format is determined by the application's "Video Playback" settings. These format selections are reported in the AJA Control Panel block diagram.

QuickTime applications can start and stop and change modes—even while they are running. And the behavior of different QuickTime applications can vary: some applications take control of the interface as soon as they are launched and don't give it up until they quit, while other applications take control of the interface only when they are the "front-most" running application and then relinquish control when they're not. Even these QuickTime applications may not relinquish control until capture or output operations are completed.

Control Recommendations

We recommend you have the Control Panel running and visible at all times. When the Control Panel is running in the background (not front-most) you can see what the interface is doing and who has control of it.

Using Multiple AJA Products

Starting with the v7.5 drivers, more than one AJA product can be used with your host computer. Using the AJA Control Panel application, you can choose which installed product an application uses for input/output. In the upper left corner of the AJA Control Panel application, you will see a board name, such as KONA 3G-0 and the pane heading will read "AJA Control Panel" if you have more than one product and the associated drivers installed (if only one product is installed, you'll see no product or pulldown and the product name will appear in the header). To "target" a specific installed product for use, click on the text in the upper left hand side of the UI and select from the list of available products that appear in the pulldown.

Control

Control

Format
Input Select
SDI Out
HDMI
Analog Out
Video Setup
Audio Setup
Audio Setup
Conversion

KONA 3G AJA ControlPanel

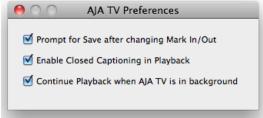
1080i29.97
YUV-10
720p59.94
SDI 3
1080 to 720
720p59.94
SDI 4
1080 to 720
1080i29.97
HDMI Out
Auto Detect

Figure 57. Control Panel Screen Showing Multiple AJA Devices

When you launch an application, or AJA TV, the application will use the product that is currently selected in the AJA Control Panel for its input/output. When an application is running, you can change the "targeted" product selection using the Control Panel pulldown menu. The running application will retain its connection to the product. If you change the "targeted" product and launch a different application, that application will use the new product for its input/ output, while the first application you launched will continue to use the other AJA product.

Example: if you select a KONA card as the targeted product in the AJA Control Panel application and launch an Adobe video editing application, that application is now using the KONA card for its input/output. Go back to the AJA Control Panel application and select an lo Express as the "targeted" product. Launch the AJA TV application. AJA TV will now use the lo Express for its output. If you switch back to the Adobe application, you will see that it is still using the KONA 3G for its input/output. Note that some applications, like AJA TV, have a provision for playing in the background, so playback on one product could even continue when switching the targeted device for use with another application. In such cases, you can even feed the output from one AJA product to another AJA product on the same system.





AJA TV optionally supports playback in the background; checkbox "Continue Playback when AJA TV is in background.

Notes on using multiple AJA Products:

Performance of multi-product use depends on a variety of factors: CPU usage, RAM, disk IOPS/ bandwidth for streams of video, etc. and therefore performance may vary. Also be aware that multiple input/output streams are only supported by software that is explicitly designed for a multi-product environment.

Using 8-bit Versus 10-bit Video

While both 8- and 10-bit uncompressed video are capable of providing excellent quality broadcast video, 10-bit represents a significantly higher quality and is preferable in many situations.

Because 10-bit video has four times the numerical precision when compared to 8-bit, it has a signal-to-noise ratio 12 db higher than 8-bit video.

Visually, in 8-bit video compared to 10-bit video, you will notice a substantial difference. In 8-bit video there will be "contour lines" or "striations" visible, particularly noticeable in scenes having soft gradients like a ramp or sunset. For example, if a sky region is mostly the same color but varies by only a few digital numbers from one side of the picture to another, you may see contour lines where the signal passes from one digital value to the next higher value.

Since each numerical value in a 10-bit system is only one fourth as large as an 8-bit system's, these contours become invisible and the sky varies smoothly.

10-bit video is often used when the source and output video (or "master") is also 10-bit. Even if the input and/or output video is 8-bit, a 10-bit "project" will still maintain a higher quality when there is a significant amount of effects rendering involved.

Industry standard professional mastering formats—Sony Digital Betacam for Standard Definition and Panasonic D5 for High Definition—are both true 10-bit formats.

Chapter 4: Troubleshooting

If You Run Into Problems

One useful way to find the source of problems is to isolate your system to the smallest size in which the problem still occurs and then note all the symptoms. This eliminates areas not involved in the problem and makes finding the problem easier.

Once you've noted problem symptoms, look through the following table and see if any of the symptoms are listed. If so, examine the items a make corrections. If you later need to call for customer service, let them know all of the things you've tried and when and how the symptoms appeared.

Table 1. Problem Solving by Matching Symptoms to Remedies

Symptom	Check
Disk RAID cannot keep up (dropped frames etc.).	Ensure the disk system is providing at least 50 MB/ second sustained transfer rate
Dropped frames during playback.	1. Canvas/Viewer zoom setting exceeds the fit-to-window setting. Change to "Fit-to-Window." 2. RAID cannot sustain the data rate of the clip/sequence. 3. The sequence setting does not match the "playback output setting" found at FCP Audio/Video Settings -> AV Output. 4. Virus checking software running in the background (disable it). 5. Scratch drive not set to the RAID.
Dropped frames during record.	1. RAID cannot sustain the data rate of the capture preset codec. 2. Virus checking software running in the background (disable it). 3. Scratch drive not set to the RAID.
Media is not being captured from desired external device.	Check the settings in the <i>Input</i> tab of the KONA 3 Control Panel application. Also check equipment cables.
Dropped frames during playback	Look for scroll bars in the viewer or canvas as a warning sign that the zoom setting exceeds the fit-t-window.

Table 1. Problem Solving by Matching Symptoms to Remedies

Symptom	Check
Changes made to Final Cut's configuration aren't remembered or you need to force a change to them.	Under some circumstances, Final Cut Pro may need to be initialized back to the factory default state as it was when you installed it. The easiest way to do this is to locate Final Cut's preference file and discard it.
	To do so, follow this procedure: 1. Locate the file named "Final Cut Pro Preferences". Note: path to file is "Macintosh HD/users/ username/library/preferences/final cut user data." 3. Click and drag that file to the Trash Can icon and drop it there.
	When you next start up Final Cut Pro, it will present the "Choose Setup" prompt (as in initial installation) where you can again choose a desired KONA 3 input format in the "Setup For" pulldown and re-enter a desired system scratch disk (your RAID).
Video in the canvas stays frozen during playback.	1. The sequence setting does not match the "playback output setting" found at FCP Audio Video Settings -> AV Output. 2. Canvas/Viewer zoom setting exceeds the fit-to-window setting. Change to "Fit-to-Window."
Video output is black.	1. External video is set to "No Frames" (View -> External Video). 2. The "Playback output setting" found at FCP Audio Video Settings -> AV Output is set to "none" or to a non-KONA 3 device.
Video stutter during playback.	RAID cannot sustain data rate.
Red render bar occurs when placing a clip on a sequence.	The sequence setting does not match the clip setting.

Updating Software

Check on the AJA Video website for software updates.

http://www.aja.com/en/support/software

Select the link for your specific KONA model to find either Mac or Windows software downloads. If any are available, download the file and read any associated instructions prior to installing the software.

Support

When calling for support, first check over your system configuration and ensure everything is connected properly. Even if you cannot find the cause of the problem, having this information at hand will help when you call AJA Customer Support for help.

If the problem is unknown or you need general help, first contact the dealer where you purchased the product. AJA dealers offer product support for many service requirements.

If the problem is a 3rd-party software operational issue, Mac system issue, then call Apple Customer Support or the 3rd-party software manufacturer for help.

If the problem is an AJA Video Io XT issue, then contact AJA Video Customer Support, see "Contacting Support" on page 4.

Appendix A: Specifications

KONA 4 Specifications

- Video Output Digital 3G-SDI, SMPTE-259/292/296/424
 - Single Link 4:2:2 or 4:4:4 (1 x BNC)
 - Dual Link HD 4:4:4, (2 x BNC)
 - 2K HSDL (High Speed Data Link) 4:4:4, (2 x BNC)
 - 4K/UltraHD 4:2:2 and 4:4:4 up to 50/60 fps
 - HDMI v2.0, 30/36 bits/pixel, RGB or YUV, 2.25Gbps, SD, HD and UHD with HFR support up to 50/60 fps 4:2:0

- Video Input Digital 3G-SDI, SMPTE-259/292/296/424
 - Single Link 4:2:2 or 4:4:4 (1 x BNC)
 - Dual Link HD 4:4:4 (2 x BNC)
 - 2K HSDL (High Speed Data Link) 4:4:4, (2 x BNC)
 - 4K/UltraHD 4:2:2 and 4:4:4 up to 50/60 fps
 - 1D LUT Support

Video Output Analog

- Composite/S-Video (Y/C) (1 x BNC/2x BNC+adapter)
- NTSC, NTSCJ, PAL
- Component (3 x BNC)
- · HD: YPbPr, RGB
- SD: YPbPr, RGB (component mode)
- SMPTE/EBU N10, Betacam 525 line, Betacam 525J, RGB
- 12-bit D/A, 8x oversampling
- +/- .2 dB to 5.0 MHz Y Frequency Response
- +/- .2 dB to 1 MHz C Frequency Response
- 5% 2T pulse response
- <1% Diff Phase</p>
- <1% Diff Gain</p>
- <1% ns Y/C delay inequity</p>

Downstream Keyer • Supports graphics with alpha channel over video, matte or framebuffer, or framebuffer content over incoming video or matte.

- **Audio Input Digital** 16-channel, 24-bit SDI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 8-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous or Nonsynchronous, Internal sample rate conversion (via 4 x BNC on breakout cable)
 - 16-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48 kHz sample rate, Synchronous (via 8 x BNC on optional K3G-Box)

- **Audio Output Digital** 16-channel, 24-bit SDI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 8-channel, 24-bit HDMI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 8-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous or Nonsynchronous, Internal sample rate conversion (via 4 x BNC on breakout cable)
 - 16-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48 kHz sample rate, Synchronous (via 8 x BNC on optional K3G-Box)

SD to SD Aspect Ration Conversion

- Letterbox: This transforms SD anamorphic material to a letterboxed image.
- H Crop: Will produce a horizontally stretched effect on the image; transforms anamorphic SD to full frame
- SD Pillarbox: Will produce an image in the center of the screen with black borders on the left and right sides and an anamorphized image in the center
- V Crop: Will transform SD letterbox material to an anamorphic image.

Timecode • LTC timecode input and output (via 1 x BNC each)

- **Machine Control** RS-422, Sony 9-pin protocol (via breakout cable or optional K3G-Box)
 - 9-pin D-connector pinout is as follows:
 - 1 GND
 - 2 RX-
 - 3 TX+
 - 4 GND
 - 5 No Connection
 - 6-GND
 - 7 RX+
 - 8 TX-
 - 9 GND
 - Shell GND

- **Reference Input** Analog Color Black (1V) or Composite Sync (2 or 4V)
 - Looping
 - 75 ohm on optional K3G-Box, terminated on supplied breakout cable

KONA 3G Specifications

Video Formats • 525i 29.97

- 525i 23.98*
- 625i 25
- 720P 50, 59.94, 60
- · 1080i 25, 29.97, 30
- 1080PsF 23.98, 24, 25, 29.97, 30
- 1080p 23.98, 24, 25, 29.97, 30, 50, 59.94, 60
- 2K
 - 2048 x 1080P 23.98, 24, 25, 29.97, 30, 50 and 60
 - 2048 x 1080PsF 23.98, 24, 25
 - 2048 x 1556p 15, 14.98
 - 2048 x 1556PsF 15, 23.98, 24
- 4K
 - 3840x2160P 23.98, 24, 25, 29.97, 30
 - 4096x2160P 23.98, 24, 25, 29.97, 30
 - 3840x2160PsF 23.98, 24, 25
 - 4096x2160PsF 23.98, 24, 25

- **Software-dependent** * These formats are dependent on specific software functionality and are not normal **Formats** 'over-the-wire' formats.
 - 525i 23.98
 - 720P 23.98, 24, 25, 29.97, 30

- Video Input Digital 3G/SD/HD SDI, SMPTE-259/292/296/424, 8- or 10-bits
 - Single Link 4:2:2 or 4:4:4 (1 x BNC)
 - Dual Link HD 4:4:4 (2 x BNC)
 - 2K HSDL (High Speed Data Link) 4:4:4, (2 x BNC)
 - 4K/UltraHD 422 and 444 (4 x BNC)
 - 1D LUT Support

- Video Output Digital 3G/SD/HD SDI, SMPTE-259/292/296/424
 - Single link 4:2:2 or 4:4:4 (1 x BNC)
 - Dual-link HD 4:4:4, (2 x BNC)
 - 2K HSDL (High Speed Data Link) 4:4:4, (2 x BNC)
 - 4K/UltraHD 422 and 444 (4 x BNC)
 - HDMI v1.4, 30/36 bits/pixel, RGB or YUV, 2.25Gbps, SD, HD, 1080p-50/60 (1 x mini-HDMI)

- Video Output Analog
 Composite/S-Video (Y/C) (1 x BNC/2x BNC+Adapter)
 - · NTSC, NTSCJ, PAL
 - Component (3 x BNC)
 - · HD: YPbPr, RGB
 - SD: YPbPr, RGB (component mode)
 - SMPTE/EBU N10, Betacam 525 line, Betacam 525J, RGB
 - 12-bit D/A, 8x oversampling
 - +/- .2 dB to 5.0 MHz Y Frequency Response
 - +/- .2 dB to 1 MHz C Frequency Response
 - .5% 2T pulse response
 - <1% Diff Phase</p>
 - <1% Diff Gain</p>
 - <1 ns Y/C delay inequity

Downstream Keyer • Supports graphics with alpha channel over video, matte or framebuffer, or framebuffer content over incoming video or matte.

- **Audio Input Digital** 16-channel, 24-bit SMPTE-259 SDI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 8-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous or Nonsynchronous, Internal sample rate conversion (via 4 x BNC on breakout cable)
 - 16-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48 kHz sample rate, Synchronous (via 8 x BNC on optional K3G-Box)

- Audio Output Digital 16-channel, 24-bit SMPTE-259 SDI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 8-channel, 24-bit HDMI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 8-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous or Nonsynchronous, Internal sample rate conversion (via 4 x BNC on breakout cable)
 - 16-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48 kHz sample rate, Synchronous (via 8 x BNC on optional K3G-Box)

Audio Output Analog • 2-channel unbalanced output (via 2 x RCA jacks on optional K3G-Box)

Up-Conversion

- Hardware 10-bit
- Anamorphic: full-screen
- Pillar box 4:3:results in a 4:3 image in center of screen with black sidebars
- Zoom 14:9: results in a 4:3 image zoomed slightly to fill a 14:9 image with black side bars
- Zoom Letterbox: results in image zoomed to fill full screen
- Zoom Wide: results in a combination of zoom and horizontal stretch to fill a 16:9 screen; this setting can introduce a small aspect ratio change

Down-conversion • Hardware 10-bit

- · Anamorphic: full-screen
- Letterbox: image is reduced with black top and bottom added to image area with the aspect ratio preserved
- Crop: image is cropped to fit new screen size

Cross-conversion • Hardware 10-bit

- 1080i to 720P
- 720P to 1080i
- 720P to 1080PsF

SD to SD aspect ratio conversion

- Letterbox: This transforms SD anamorphic material to a letterboxed image.
- H Crop: Will produce a horizontally stretched effect on the image; transforms anamorphic SD to full frame
- SD Pillarbox: Will produce an image in the center of the screen with black borders on the left and right sides and an anamorphized image in the center
- V Crop: Will transform SD letterbox material to an anamorphic image.

Timecode • LTC timecode input and output (via 1 x BNC each)

- **Reference Input** Analog Color Black (1V) or Composite Sync (2 or 4V)
 - Looping
 - 75 ohm on optional K3G-Box, terminated on supplied breakout cable

- **Machine Control** RS-422, Sony 9-pin protocol (via breakout cable or optional K3G-Box)
 - 9-pin D-connector pinout is as follows:
 - 1 GND
 - 2 RX-
 - 3 TX+
 - 4 GND
 - 5 No Connection
 - 6 GND
 - 7 RX+
 - 8 TX-
 - 9 GND
 - Shell GND

LHe Plus Specifications

Video Formats • 525i 29.97

- 625i 25
- 720P 50, 59.94, 60
- · 1080i 25, 29.97, 30
- 1080PsF 23.98, 24, 25, 29.97, 30
- 1080p 23.98, 24, 25, 29.97, 30

- Video Input Digital SD/HD SDI, SMPTE-259/292/296, 8- or 10-bits
 - Single link 4:2:2 (1 x BNC)

- **Video Input Analog** Composite/S-Video (Y/C) (1 x BNC/2x BNC+Adapter)
 - NTSC, NTSCJ, PAL
 - Component (3 x BNC)
 - · HD: YPbPr, RGB
 - SD: YPbPr, RGB (component mode)
 - SMPTE/EBU N10, Betacam 525 line, Betacam 525J, RGB
 - 12-bit A/D, 8x oversampling
 - +/- .2 dB to 5.0 MHz Y Frequency Response
 - +/- .2 dB to 1 MHz C Frequency Response
 - .5% 2T pulse response
 - <1% Diff Phase</p>
 - < 1% Diff Gain
 - <1 ns Y/C delay inequity

- Video Output Digital SD SDI, SMPTE-259M, 10-bit
 - HD SDI, SMPTE-292/296, 10-bit

- Video Output AnalogComposite/S-Video (Y/C) (1 x BNC/2x BNC+Adapter)
 - NTSC, NTSCJ, PAL
 - Component (3 x BNC)
 - · HD: YPbPr, RGB
 - SD: YPbPr, RGB (component mode)
 - SMPTE/EBU N10, Betacam 525 line, Betacam 525J, RGB
 - 12-bit D/A, 8x oversampling
 - +/- .2 dB to 5.0 MHz Y Frequency Response
 - +/- .2 dB to 1 MHz C Frequency Response
 - .5% 2T pulse response
 - <1% Diff Phase</p>
 - <1% Diff Gain
 - <1 ns Y/C delay inequity

- **Audio Input Digital** 8-channel, 24-bit SMPTE-259 SDI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 2-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48kHz or 96 KHz sample rate, Synchronous or Nonsynchronous, Internal sample rate conversion (via 1 x XLR on breakout cable or optional KL-Box)

- 2-channel, 24-bit A/D analog audio, 48kHz sample rate, balanced (via 2 x XLR on breakout cable or optional KL-Box)
 - +24dbu Full Scale Digital
 - +/- 0.2db 20 to 20kHz Frequency Response

- **Audio Output Digital** 8-channel, 24-bit SMPTE-259 SDI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 2-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48kHz or 96 KHz sample rate, Synchronous or Nonsynchronous, Internal sample rate conversion (via 1 x XLR on breakout cable or optional KL-Box)

- **Audio Output Analog** 2-channel, 24-bit D/A analog audio, 48kHz sample rate, balanced (via 2 x XLR on breakout cable or optional KL-Box)
 - +24dbu Full Scale Digital (0dbFS)
 - +/- 0.2db 20 to 20kHz Frequency Response
 - 2-channel unbalanced output (via 2 x RCA jacks on optional KL-Box)

Down-conversion • Hardware 10-bit

- Anamorphic: full-screen
- · Letterbox: image is reduced with black top and bottom added to image area with the aspect ratio preserved
- Crop: Crop: image is cropped to fit new screen size

- Reference Input Analog Color Black (1V) or Composite Sync (2 or 4V)
 - · Looping
 - 75 ohm on optional KL-Box, terminated on supplied breakout cable

- Machine Control RS-422, Sony 9-pin protocol (via DB-25 breakout cable or optional KLHi-Box)
 - 9-pin D-connector pinout is as follows:
 - 1 GND
 - 2 RX-
 - 3 TX+
 - 4 GND
 - 5 No Connection
 - 6 GND
 - 7 RX+
 - 8 TX-
 - 9 GND
 - Shell GND

KONA LHi Specifications

Video Formats • 525i 29.97

- 625i 25
- 720P 50, 59.94, 60
- · 1080i 25, 29.97, 30
- 1080PsF 23.98, 24
- 1080p 23.98, 24, 25, 29.97, 30, 50, 59.94, 60
- 2K
 - 2048 x 1080P 23.98, 24, 25, 29.97, 30
 - 2048 x 1080PsF 23.98, 24

Software-dependent *These formats are dependent on specific software functionality and are not normal Formats 'over-the-wire' formats.

- 525i 23.98
- 720P 23.98

- Video Input Digital 3G/SD/HD SDI, SMPTE-259/292/296/424, 8- or 10-bits
 - Single link 4:2:2 (1 x BNC)
 - HDMI v1.3 30 bits/pixel, RGB or YUV, 2.25 Gbps, SD, HD, 1080p-50/60 (1 x mini-HDMI)

- **Video Input Analog** Composite/S-Video (Y/C) (1 x BNC/2x BNC+Adapter)
 - NTSC, NTSCJ, PAL
 - Component (3 x BNC)
 - · HD: YPbPr, RGB
 - SD: YPbPr, RGB (component mode)
 - SMPTE/EBU N10, Betacam 525 line, Betacam 525J, RGB
 - 12-bit D/A, 8x oversampling
 - +/- .2 dB to 5.0 MHz Y Frequency Response
 - +/- .2 dB to 1 MHz C Frequency Response
 - .5% 2T pulse response
 - <1% Diff Phase</p>
 - <1% Diff Gain</p>
 - <1 ns Y/C delay inequity

- Video Output Digital 3G/SD/HD SDI, SMPTE-259/292/296/424
 - Single link 4:2:2 or 4:4:4 (1 x BNC)
 - HDMI v1.3 30 bits/pixel, RGB or YUV, 2.25 Gbps, SD, HD, 1080p-50/60 (1 x mini-HDMI)

- Video Output Analog
 Composite/S-Video (Y/C) (1 x BNC/2x BNC+Adapter)
 - · NTSC, NTSCJ, PAL
 - Component (3 x BNC)
 - · HD: YPbPr, RGB
 - SD: YPbPr, RGB (component mode)
 - SMPTE/EBU N10, Betacam 525 line, Betacam 525J, RGB
 - 12-bit D/A, 8x oversampling
 - +/- .2 dB to 5.0 MHz Y Frequency Response
 - +/- .2 dB to 1 MHz C Frequency Response
 - .5% 2T pulse response
 - <1% Diff Phase</p>
 - <1% Diff Gain</p>
 - <1 ns Y/C delay inequity

- Audio Input Digital 8-channel, 24-bit SMPTE-259 SDI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 8-channel, 24-bit HDMI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 2-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous or Nonsynchronous, Internal sample rate conversion (via 1 x XLR on breakout cable or optional KLHi-Box)

- Audio Input Analog 2-channel, 24-bit A/D analog audio, 48kHz sample rate, balanced (via 2 x XLR on DB-25 breakout cable or optional KLHi-Box)
 - +24dbu Full Scale Digital
 - +/- 0.2db 20 to 20kHz Frequency Response

- **Audio Output Digital** 8-channel, 24-bit SMPTE-259 SDI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 8-channel, 24-bit HDMI embedded audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous
 - 2-channel, 24-bit AES/EBU audio, 48kHz sample rate, Synchronous or Nonsynchronous, Internal sample rate conversion (via 1 x XLR on breakout cable or optional KLHi-Box)

Audio Output Analog

- 2-channel, 24-bit D/A analog audio, 48kHz sample rate, balanced (via 2 x XLR on DB-25 breakout cable or optional KLHi-Box)
 - +24dbu Full Scale Digital (0dbFS)
 - +/- 0.2db 20 to 20kHz Frequency Response
 - 2-channel unbalanced output (via 2 x RCA jacks on optional KLHi-Box)

Up-Conversion

- Hardware 10-bit
- · Anamorphic: full-screen
- Pillar box 4:3: results in a 4:3 image in center of screen with black sidebars
- Zoom 14:9: results in a 4:3 image zoomed slightly to fill a 14:9 image with black side bars
- Zoom Letterbox: results in image zoomed to fill full screen
- Zoom Wide: results in a combination of zoom and horizontal stretch to fill a 16:9 screen; this setting can introduce a small aspect ratio change

Down-conversion • Hardware 10-bit

- · Anamorphic: full-screen
- Letterbox: image is reduced with black top and bottom added to image area with the aspect ratio preserved
- Crop: image is cropped to fit new screen size

- **Cross-conversion** Hardware 10-bit
 - 1080i to 720P
 - 720P to 1080i
 - 720P to 1080PsF

SD to SD aspect ratio conversion

- Letterbox: This transforms SD anamorphic material to a letterboxed image.
- H Crop: Will produce a horizontally stretched effect on the image; transforms anamorphic SD to full frame
- SD Pillarbox: Will produce an image in the center of the screen with black borders on the left and right sides and an anamorphized image in the center
- V Crop: Will transform SD letterbox material to an anamorphic image.

- Reference Input Analog Color Black (1V) or Composite Sync (2 or 4V)
 - · Looping
 - 75 ohm on optional KLHi-Box, terminated on supplied breakout cable

- Machine Control RS-422, Sony 9-pin protocol (via DB-25 breakout cable or optional KLHi-Box)
 - 9-pin D-connector pinout is as follows:
 - 1 GND
 - 2 RX-
 - 3 TX+
 - 4 GND
 - 5 No Connection
 - 6 GND
 - 7 RX+
 - 8 TX-
 - 9 GND
 - Shell GND

Warranty and Liability Information

Limited Warranty

AJA Video Systems, Inc. (AJA Video) warrants that the product, not including hard-disk based Storage Modules (HDD), will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three years from the date of purchase. AJA Video warrants that the hard-disk based Storage Modules (HDD), will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of purchase. If a product proves to be defective during this warranty period, AJA Video, at its option, will either repair the defective product without charge for parts and labor, or will provide a replacement in exchange for the defective product.

To obtain service under this warranty, the Customer must notify AJA Video of the defect before expiration of the warranty period and make suitable arrangements for the performance of service by contacting AJA Video support through the channels set forth on the support contacts web page at http://www.aja.com/support/index.php. Except as stated, the Customer shall bear all shipping, packing, insurance and other costs, excluding parts and labor, to effectuate repair. Customer shall pack and ship the defective product to a service center designated by AJA Video, with shipping charges prepaid. AJA Video shall pay to return the product to Customer but only if to a location within the country in which the AJA Video service center is located.

This warranty shall not apply to any defect, failure or damage caused by negligent, inadequate or improper use, handling or maintenance. Without limiting the foregoing, AJA Video shall not be obligated to furnish service under this warranty or repair any damage or malfunction a) resulting from attempts by personnel other than AJA Video representatives to install, repair or service the product, b) resulting from improper use or connection to incompatible equipment, c) caused by the use of non-AJA Video parts or supplies, d) if the product has been modified or integrated with other products when the effect of such a modification or integration increases the time or difficulty of servicing the product, or (e) resulting from being dropped or otherwise subjected to undue force, exposure to moisture or other corrosive or conductive substances, exposure to strong magnetic fields, use with improperly regulated power supplies, exposure to electric shock, use in temperatures outside the specified operating range, or otherwise failing to treat the product in accordance with the standard of care appropriate to sensitive and delicate electronic equipment.

EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE, AJA VIDEO AND ITS VENDORS DISCLAIM IN THEIR ENTIRETY ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. AJA VIDEO'S RESPONSIBILITY TO REPAIR OR REPLACE TIMELY REPORTED DEFECTIVE PRODUCTS IS THE WHOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY CUSTOMER IS PROVIDED.

THE PRODUCT IS NOT INTENDED, STATED, OR WARRANTED TO OPERATE UNINTERRUPTED OR ERROR-FREE. YOU UNDERSTAND AND ACKNOWLEDGE THAT THE PRODUCT IS NOT INTENDED TO BE USED AS THE SOLE OR PRIMARY DATA SOURCE OR TARGET FOR CRITICAL DATA, AND THAT IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO IMPLEMENT REDUNDANT CAPTURE AND BACKUP SYSTEMS AS APPROPRIATE.

Limitation of Liability

UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL AJA VIDEO BE LIABLE IN ANY WAY FOR ANY LOST, CORRUPTED OR DESTROYED DATA, FOOTAGE OR WORK, OR FOR ANY OTHER INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR FOR ANY THIRD PARTY CLAIM, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCT, WHETHER RESULTING FROM DEFECTS IN THE PRODUCT, SOFTWARE OR HARDWARE FAILURE, OR ANY OTHER CAUSE WHATSOEVER, EVEN IF AJA VIDEO HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBLITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. AJA VIDEO'S LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THIS PRODUCT SHALL UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID FOR THE PRODUCT.

Numerics	card installation, Windows PC 23
10-bit video <i>71</i>	card placement <i>17</i>
24 frames-per-second to 30 conversion 49	card slots 23
3D output 45	CineForm Codec 45
3G	color matte 51
SDI connections 25	Color Meanings, Control Panel 36
4K Analog Output 66	color selection dialog 52
4K Mode 8	color-codes 36
75-ohm terminator <i>27</i> , <i>29</i>	Colorspace choices 50
8-bit Versus 10-bit Video <i>71</i>	composite 46
9-pin DE9 25, 28, 30	composite output 47
) pin 525 25, 26, 50	connectors 11
A	DE-9 15
AES/EBU audio 15	RCA-style 15
AES/EBU output 25, 28	XLR 15
alpha channel 52	Control Panel, configuration screens 36
alpha channel, Video + Key 44	Control Screen <i>51</i>
analog audio 48	Control Screen Settings 37
analog audio output 46	controlling application 35
analog component 47	Conversion Icons, Control Panel 35
analog component output 46	conversion, YUV-RGB <i>50</i>
analog composite 47	creating a LUT file 54
Analog Format <i>46</i> , <i>47</i> , <i>49</i>	Crop 40
analog monitor out 16	cross-conversion 40
Analog Out Screen 46	customer service 72
Analog Out Screen Settings 46, 47	customer service / 2
Anamorphic 40	D
anamorphic SD to full frame SD 41	damaged items 20
aspect ratio conversion 40	DataRate Calculator 17
Audio Out 52	DE-9 connector 15
Addio Odt 32	Default Kona Output 37
B	Default output 38
balanced audio 15	Down (Conversion) 40
Black 38	down-conversion 40
black borders 41	downstream keyer 8, 51
Black Level 47, 49	DS Keyer 51
black Level pulldown menu 47	Dual Link HD-SDI 7
Block Diagram Screen 34	
Blue 36	E
borders, black 41	expansion slot 17
breakout box 13	chassis 21
K3-Box 14	F
KL-Box 13	
KLHi-Box 13	file formats 6
breakout cable 25	Foreground pre-multiplied (checkbox) 52
	Format Screen Settings 39
C	Frame Buffer over Matte 51
cable, LHe/LHi 20	Frame Buffer over Video In 51
cables, KONA 3G 18	Framebuffer 35
card control 35	Freerun 38

full 10-bit conversion 8 M Full Frame 49 Mac Pro cardcage 22 full-screen 40 machine control 15, 25, 28, 30 Matte 51 G Matte Color 52 Gamma 50 menus, context-sensitive 34 Getting Help 73 Monitor Audio 46 Graphic File 52 monitor out 16 graphic file, test pattern output 38 monitoring, analog outputs 46 Graphic over Frame Buffer 52 Graphic over Matte 51 Graphic over Video In 52 offset, video adjustment (timing) 38 Opacity 52 output video black 38 H Crop 41 Overview 5 hardware keyer 8 hardware/software conflicts 17 hardware-based conversion 10 pattern, test 38 HDMI 4K screen 65 PCI busses 23 HDMI audio output 45 PCI-Express slots 21 HDMI connectors 14 Pillar box 40 HDMI output 44 Pillarbox 41 HDMI, LHi 29 Primary 43 Hold Last Application 38 Primary format 39 Horizontal reference 38 Primary Format, Frame Buffer 35 horizontally stretched 41 problem symptoms 72 Problems, what to do 72 problems, what to do if you encounter 72 icons 34 progressive frame 40 Icons, Control Panel 35 progressive segmented frame 40 Info Screen 59 psf 40 Input Pass through 38 Input Screen 42 Input/Output 35 RAID controller 23 interconnection 24 RCA-style unbalanced stereo 30 IRE 47 Rec 601 50 Rec 709 50 K Red 36 keyed video 51 Ref Loop connector 25, 27 KONA 3G cables 18 Reference Input 38 KONA 3G System 26 reference video 16 KONA LHi and LHe Plus cable 20 replacement 20 KONA LHi SDI 30 RGB range 40 RP 188 definition 56 RP-188 Timecode 56 Letterbox 40 RS-422 15 letterbox 40 LHe Plus System 27 LHe/LHi Breakout Cable 20 SD letterbox material to an anamorphic image LHi Audio 10 LHi Ref Loop 29 SD to SD aspect ratio conversion 41 Linear 50 SDI connections 25 Load File 52 SDI connections, LHe Plus 28 LUT file 54

SDI connectors 14

Secondary 43 Secondary format 39 select audio 52 shipment contents 18 sidebars 40 Single Field 49 SMPTE RP 188 56 software conversion 49 software files that have been installed 59 software updates 73 software, 3rd-party 32 Specifications 75 specifications 3G *75* KONA 4/3G 77 LHe Plus 80 LHi 82 storage methods 6 Support 74 support 74 Symptoms and remedies 72 Symptoms, problem 72 system configuration, Control Panel 32 system connections 3G 24 LHe Plus 27 LHi 29 System Connections, LHi 30 System Test 17 Test Pattern 38 third-party software 31 Timecode Offset 56 Timecode Screen 47, 54 Timecode Screen Settings 56 timing adjustment 38 Timing adjustment, Control Panel 38 transforming 40 troubleshooting 72 U unbalanced audio 15 up-conversion 40 Updating Software 73 User Bits, RP-188 56 utilities 18 V Crop 41 Vertical reference 38 Video Format 39 video input source 38 video path 35

Video+Key 44

W

Windows PC installation 23

X

XLR connector 15 XLR connectors 30

Υ

Y/C output 46 Yellow 36 YUV-RGB Conversion 50

Z

Zoom 14 9 40 Zoom Letterbox 40 Zoom Wide 40